Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1868. NUMBER 258.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

Internal Revenue Decision—Appointments—The Disturbance in New Orleans.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Ootober 27, 1868.

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.

Commissioner Rollins has decided that hotel and restaurant keepers whose sales of liquors amount to over $25,000 per year, shall place themselves in the category of wholesale dealers and must therefore make the exhibit of wholesale dealers according to the provisions of the law.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following Internal Revenue appointments were made to-day: *Storekeepers*—W. C. Johnson, First District, California: Asa Vansickles, Eighteenth District, Ohio; L. S. Coleman, Seventh District, Kentucky. *Gaugers*—Samuel S. Drenner, Second District, California; Adam H. Somers and W. H. Wyant, Seventeenth District, Ohio; A. L. Berryfield, Frst District, Missouri; Jos. Shultz, Eleventh District, Illinois; Joseph H. Hendricks and Jno. Walb, Third District, Indiana; R. H. Sturgess and James Mitchell, Eleventh District, Illinois. *Tobacco Inspectors*—Samuel Hoff, Sixth District, Iowa; T. W. Scott, Eleventh District, Indiana.

THE NEW ORLEANS DISTURBANCE,

Dispatches have been received this morning at the headquarters of the army from General Rosseau relative to the disturbance in New Orleans and St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana. They do not differ materially in substance from reports already published with regard to the prevailing difficulties. This morning General Scofield telegraphed instructions to General Rosseau that he was authorized and expected to take such action as may be necessary to preserve peace and good order and protect the lives and property of citizens.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION.

5,000 Republican Majority.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WHEELING, West Va., October 27.—The *Intelligencer* of this moruing publishes returns from thirty-three counties, the majority of which are official, showing a Republican majority of 4,054. The twenty remaining counties to hear from are small and sparsely settled, and it states gave a net Republican majority of nearly a thousand in 1866.

WHEELING, W. Va., October 27—10 P. M.—Returns from forty counties give a net Republican majority of 4,610. The remaining thirteen counties in 1866 cast 2,594 votes and gave a Republican majority of 609. The majority in the State will fall but little, if any, below 5,000. Two years ago it was 6,662, and last year 2,800. The news from the Third District insures the election of Witcher, Republican, by near 1,000 majority. The Republicans of Wheeling fired a salute to-day in honor of the victory in the State.

GRANVILLE D. HALL,
Editor *Intelligencer*.

PHILADELPHIA.

Death of an Old Citizen—Taxables vs. Population—Arrest—Financial—Strike.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.—Charles J. Wolbert, a prominent citizen, and one of our oldest auctioneers, died here last evening.

There are one hundred and sixty-two thousand taxables in this city, which would indicate a population of nearly a million.

Engene Leathan, who has in a few months obtained goods and money upon forged checks to the amount of ten thousand dollars, in this city, has been arrested and is fully identified. He hails from the West.

The pinch in the money market is considered as passed. Our bank statement shows that although the reserve has been tapped in the past week, yet it is fully up to the requirements of the law.

Five hundred operatives in woolen mills in this city struck to-day against the reduction of fifteen per cent. on their wages.

CALIFORNIA.

Another Earthquake—Resignation of Republican Members of the Oregon House of Representatives.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, October 27.—There was a sharp earthquake shock at midnight last night. Considerable fright was occasioned but no damage was done.

The Republican members of the House of Representatives of the Oregon Legislature have resigned. The Governor accepted their resignations and this leaves the House without a quorum. No appropriation bill was passed. There is great excitement in Salem.

Arrested for Issuing Fraudulent Naturalization Papers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, October 27.—E. Fenn Dickinson, Probate Judge of Sandusky county and member of Congress from the Ninth district, was arrested on Saturday, charged with issuing fraudulent naturalization papers. A partial examination was had yesterday and the case continued by request of defendant to November 4th. This is the same case in which McArdle is implicated.

Battle in Cuba—Insurgents Defeated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, October 27.—Captain General Lesundi to-day received a telegram stating that a battle had been fought on Contramaister river between the regular troops and insurgents. The latter were defeated, losing many horses and three prisoners. The insurgents carried away their killed and wounded.

Republican Demonstration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DUNKIRK, N. Y., October 27.—A large Republican meeting here to-day was addressed by General Pleasanton, Lieut. Gov. Lee, of Ohio, and others. A torchlight procession this evening closed the proceedings.

The Presidency of Harvard College.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, October 27.—The Presidency of Harvard College has been offered to Rev. Dr. Andrew P. Peabody, the College preacher, and he is considering whether to accept it or not.

FROM EUROPE.

Earthquake Shocks in Ireland—Letter from Gen. Prim—Sale of Cuba to the United States Advised.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ENGLAND.

EARTHQUAKE.

LONDON, Oct. 27—Light shocks of an earthquake were felt in various places of Cork county, Ireland, yesterday.

DUBLIN, Oct. 27,—The house of Mr. Wigmore near Cork, was entered last night by a body of men, and a quantity of arms and ammunition carried away. The culprits are supposed to be Fenians.

LIVERPOOL, October 29.—Hon. Reverdy Johnson was entertained at a banquet given to him by the Lord Mayor last night at the Town Hall.

FRANCE.

HAVRE, Oct. 27.—The closing exercises of the great Maritime Exhibition to-day, being considered a holiday, the markets are closed.

A Paris letter of the 12th inst., addressed to a party in New York, says Gen. Prim has addressed a letter to the Paris *Journal Legantois*, thanking it for the sympathy it had shown for the popular movements in Spain. The General expresses astonishment at the impatience of that portion of the French press which consider that Spain is not setting to her work fast enough, and adds that eight days is sufficient for us to overthrow a dynasty three hundred years old, and to establish a new government.

SPAIN.

MADRID, October 27.—The Provisional Government has issued a manifesto concerning the administration of the Kingdom. After passing in review the Junta, they proceeded to argue in favor of the decentralization of the administrative power, and conclude by promising to render a faithful account of their doings to their constituents. Cortez and some Spaniards of advanced liberal ideas advise the sale of Cuba to the United States as the most direct and speedy method of solving the question of the abolition of slavery.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, October 27.—Consols 94¼. Five-twenty bonds 73¾. Illinois Central 97. Erie 28¼.

FRANKFORT; October 27.—U. S. bonds weak at 78½.

LIVERPOOL, October 27.—Cotton closed firm; sales one thousand bales middling uplands at 11d; Orleans 11¼d. Breadstuffs—Corn closed at 37s 9d. California Wheat 12s 7d; red western 9s 9d. Barley 5s. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 46s 6d. Flour 26s 6d. Provisions—Beef 95s. Pork 91s. Lard 60s. Cheese 63s. Bacon 55s. Produce—Turpentine advanced to 25s 6d. Tallow steady at 52s. Petroleum Spirits 10½d; refined 1s 5½d. Sugar steady at 36s. Calcutta Linseed 61s 6d. Sperm Oil 100s. Whale Oil £38.

ANTWERP, October 27.—Petroleum firm at 53 francs.

PARIS, October 27—Bourse firmer. Rentes at 70f. 50c.

LIVERPOOL, October 27.—Oats closed firmer. Linseed Cakes firmer at 11 pounds 15s.

HAVRE, October 27.—Cotton *tres ordinaire* on spot at 140f.; low middlings afloat, 128f.

RELIGIOUS.

Episcopal National Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27, 1868.

In the Episcopal Convention to-day, Mr. Welsh stated that the House of Bishops would be unable to conclude their business in time to adjourn on Wednesday, and therefore suggested the Convention continue in session until Friday. No action taken.

The Committee on Canons reported against changing the title of clerical and lay deputies, which was accepted.

The Committee on Canons also reported in favor of the liberty of interpretation of the Prayer Book and against any change in the time of probation of applicants for holy orders. Reports accepted.

Another message was received from the House of Bishops, announcing that they had adopted the translation of the Prayer Book into the German, French and Swedish languages. House concurred.

The House concurred in the resolution favoring the publication of a standard book of Common Prayer.

Rev. Milo Mahon, of Maryland, for the Joint Committee on the Russo-Greek Church, which was appointed by the Convention of 1862, and continued by that of 1865, submitted an interesting report, which was read.

The report terminated with a resolution continuing the same committee, with instructions to report again to the Convention of 1871. The report was accepted and the resolution carried.

Rev. Dr. Littlejohn submitted a long report of the work performed by the Board of Missions during the past three years.

The work among the children of the Church has been eminently successful, fifty-five hundred having been gathered into the missionary association. The receipts from this source have amounted to eighty-seven thousand dollars.

The Committee on Canons reported a resolution declaring that until the collection of hymns be revised it shall be lawful to sing any hymns from the books known as hymns ancient and modern, and hymns for church and home, with the consent of the Bishop of the diocese. The report was adopted.

The Convention took up the Majority and Minority reports of the Committee on Canons on the subject of Ritualism. The church was densely crowded and the debate listened to with deep interest. Judge Conyngham opened the debate in the negative, and was followed by Judge Otis, of Illinois, and Mr. S. B. Ruggles, of this city, in the affirmative.

Fire at Binghamton, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., October 27.—A destructive fire this morning destroyed the stores of H. J. Fox, dry goods; Carrington & Porter, stoves and tinware; D. J. Lane, wholesale boots and shoes; S. Robins, hides and pelts; J. J. McElroy, sewing machines, with all their contents. The *Democrat* office barely escaped destruction, but was damaged $2,500. The other losses will reach $50,000; insured for about $40,000.

Proclamation of Governor Scott, of South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, October 27.—Gov. Scott, of South Carolina, has issued a proclamation, in which he says information has been received that Samuel Murtishaw and Wm. Fitzgerald were the murderers of the negro Lee Nance, and offers a reward of $2,500 each for their apprehension and delivery in jail, with proof to convict.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

BEAVER COUNTY.

The Campaign in Beaver County—The New Brighton Demonstration—Imposing Procession—Brighton, Beaver Falls, Sharon, Bridgewater, Beaver, Fallston and Rochester in a Blaze of Light for Grant and Colfax.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, October 27—*Midnight*.

The New Brighton demonstration was a perfect success in every respect. Fully one thousand members of the Grant and Tanner Clubs of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Sewickley were in attendance and contributed largely to the brilliancy of the procession. The Allegheny County delegation, under command of Capt. W. B. Cook, was received everywhere with cheers. The route, necessarily, was very long, and it was past midnight when the procession halted at Rochester. Altogether there were probably nineteen hundred men in the ranks. Brighton, Beaver Falls, Sharon, Bridgewater, Fallston, Rochester and Beaver were gorgeously illuminated. The procession did not pass through Beaver, much to the disappointment of the loyal residents of that town, who had made such liberal decorations wherewith to honor the occasion. Upon the whole the procession was beyond doubt the most brilliant and spirited affair ever witnessed in this part of the State, and cannot fail to help on the cause of Grant and Colfax in November.

[A more particular account of the imposing demonstration, with a notice of the decorations, will be published in to-morrow's GAZETTE, from our own reporter.]

NATIONAL ADDRESS.

Address of the Republican National Committee.

THE APPROACHING ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27.—The Republican National Committee have issued the following address:

NEW YORK, October 28, 1868.

FELLOW CITIZENS: On the third of November you are to register a decision at the ballot box, which will control the Government for the next four years, and affect the destinies of our country for all time. The Democratic party, entering into the campaign with practical repudiation on its banners and a determination to open the question of reconstruction by declaring all acts relating thereto void, has met signal defeat in the States holding elections in October. Aroused by the positive condemnation of its policy, it now seeks to change its candidates and to deny its purposes as declared in its platform. Be not deceived. The men who met in New York on the 4th of July knew what they intended to do, if they could carry the election to inspire their followers in the South and their friends and sympathisers at the North. They published their purpose to the world. On this declaration they went into the canvass, and although they have tried to explain away its full meaning, they never denied it until beaten at the polls. No change of candidates can change their purpose. They mean to take from an enfranchized race its only safeguard—the ballot. They mean to repudiate the National debt, incurred at a time of the greatest danger to the nation, or at least pay it in a manner which will tarnish the national credit and make the great Republic a shame to honest men and a by-word in the financial circles of the world. The Presidential candidate of the Democracy declares his purpose will be to hold Congress in check for four years to come as Andrew Johnson has for four years past, and thus stand in his position. Fellow-citizens, the country wants peace; it has enough opposition from the Executive to the Legislative Department. The people will elect both, and mean to have harmony and good-will between them. The loss of the States holding elections in October has shown the Democratic leaders that they can hope to carry no Northern State. In desperation they call upon the people to come to the rescue. They place Mr. Seymour on the stump and meditate the withdrawal of Mr. Blair, who has too openly and boldly proclaimed their true aims and purpose, and tardily say they mean peace and obedience to the laws, but the spirit that really animates them may be seen in the attempts to carry the elections by frauds on a gigantic scale at the North, and by intimidation, violence and murder at the South. We appeal to the people who stood by the Union in its darkest hours, whose faith has never faltered, who have never believed the war a failure, or that those who stimulated the rebellion are proper persons to administer the government they sought to destroy. And we ask them to rally once more, and by an overwhelming majority show the Democratic party and the world that there is no hope for the Lost Cause. No one doubts the patriotism of General Grant. He has already announced his desire for peace. This is no idle word. His election will be the guaranty of harmony in the different departments, of energy, of economy in its administration, of safety in person and property to the citizen everywhere, and boundless prosperity following in the train of peace.

(Signed.) WM. CLAFLIN, Chairman.
WM. E. CHANDLER, Secretary.

Inauguration of Rev. Dr. McCosh.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PRINCETON, N. J., October 27.—The inauguration of Dr. McCosh, President of Princeton College was attended by an immense concourse of the graduates and friends of the College. It was the largest number of alumni ever gathered together.

Seymour at Columbus, O.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, O., October 27.—Governor Seymour arrived here at 2 o'clock, P. M. to-day and was received at the depot by an immense crowd. He is now speaking in the Capital Square.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

SENATOR MORTON'S SPEECH.

Seymour's Financial Hobby Reviewed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, October 27.—Governor Morton delivered the following speech to-night in reply to the speeches of Governor Seymour:

Fellow-citizens: Mr. Seymour presents the novel and painful spectacle of a candidate for the Presidency, the highest office in the gift of a free people, going about like a common stump orator electioneering for himself and assailing the character and positions of his opponents. Two years ago Mr. Johnson swung around the circle for the ostensible purpose of laying the corner-stone of a monument to the lamented Douglass in Chicago. Mr. Seymour is making his swing, not for such a professed purpose, but as we believe is really engaged in laying the corner stone of the tomb of the Democratic party. The result of the late elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana has called him forth from his rural retreat in New York, and he is making a last and desperate effort to retrieve the fallen fortune of a decayed, disloyal and dishonored party. The great object which he seems to have in view in all the speeches which he has made since he started on his tour is to array the Western against the Eastern States, to excite the people of the Northwest to hostility towards the people of what he calls the Northern Atlantic States. New Yorker as he is, eastern man as he is, he does not hesitate to slander his section and the people of his own State, to represent that as the enemies commercially, financially and socially of the people of the Northwestern States. The people of New York, to whom he owes his official dignities and all that he is, are represented by him as oppressing the people of the northwestern States, extorting from them, robbing and plundering them at every point. For many years the politicians of the South labored to excite their people against the North, and their labors finally resulted in rebellion. For years it has been the policy of the Democratic party of Indiana and other northwestern States to denounce New England and arouse the prejudices of our people against the people of that portion of our country. This was the staple of Democratic argument throughout the war, and the leading men of that party in Indiana hinted broadly at a Northwestern Confederacy, and that New England should be left out in the cold. And now we have an Eastern politician, a candidate for office, endeavoring by every means in his power to excite the people of the Northwest against the people even of his own State. Among the charges which he brings against the Government is, that the national debt is sectional in its character, that it was not contracted in the several States according to their population, but that most of the money was borrowed from Eastern States. It is hard to refrain from calling this complaint absurd. Just as if Congress could borrow money in States where the people had little or none to lend, and refuse to borrow money in other States where they had plenty of it to lend. He says that by this improper method of borrowing money, chiefly in Eastern States. The States have been divided into creditor and debtor. The Eastern States being creditors and the Western States debtors. This phrase he also employs in his Cooper Institute speech, on the 29th of June last, and it has now passed into quotation although there is absolutely no meaning in it.

The Eastern States did not lend money to the Western States but to the Government. It is true the Western States are liable to help to pay the debt, but so are the Eastern States, and they will help to pay the debt in very much the same proportion in which they lent the money.

In his speeches at Buffalo and Chicago, the first financial grievance he complained of was, Congress had levied an export tax of six cents per pound on raw cotton. He said this not only oppressed the planter but chiefly negro laborers, with whom he seems to have fallen in love. He declares the tax as being enormous in its character, levied for vindicative purposes, and as being the reason why reconstruction has not taken place in the South. On this subject Mr. Seymour is not well informed. The tax levied on cotton was not six cents per pound but three cents per pound. The tax was not an export tax as he states. Congress is expressly prohibited by the Constitution from levying an export tax, which Mr. Seymour seems to have forgotten. On the contrary, the tax was levied on all the cotton produced in the country without regard whether it was exported to foreign countries for manufacture or kept in this country, it was levied at a time when the government was compelled to tax everything and draw revenue from every possible source and was repealed nearly a year ago, as soon as the time had come when they could be reduced. The most extraordinary statement which he makes is that it was instigated by eastern manufacturers, and I quote his language: "I say it was a selfish act, because it was done in the interests of the eastern manufacturers, already wealthy from the fruits of the war, and probably by enormous tariffs. This tax of six cents per pound on all cotton exported was imposed so that he might buy it for a price six cents less than it was worth in the markets of the world. The manufacturers were of all other classes in the north who were especially interested against taxes. It is not to be supposed that they desired to add six cents per pound to the cost of new material which they manufactured into goods. On the contrary, the people of manufacturing States were anxious to have the tax repealed, and every representative from New England voted for the repeal of his complaint against eastern manufactures, that instigated this tax on cotton as quite as logical as that of the wolf that quarrelled with the lamb, which was drinking in the stream below, because he muddied the water so that he could not use it, but Mr. Seymour is determined that the people of the Eastern States are oppressors of the west and south, and hence his remarkable statement. Another financial outrage which has been perpetrated by the Republican party, as he alleges, was driving out the circulation of State and local banks by a heavy tax during the war to make room for circulation of National banks and legal tender notes. This was a war measure on the part of the Government and one of absolute neces-ity. The Government had to have money to carry on the war, to pay the army and navy, to purchase supplies for them, and to meet the expenditures which were necessary to be incurred. The notes of local banks could not be used by the Government for that purpose. They were at par, only in their immediate localities. Even in the time of peace, 1860, notes of the bank of the State of Indiana, as good a bank as there was in the country, would pay hotel bills, or buy goods in the city of New York. They were at a discount in all Eastern cities, and what was true of the banks of Indiana, was true of the banks of Ohio and of all the other western States. The issues of these local banks could not be used in paying the army or in purchase of supplies in parts of the country from where the banks were located, and it became a matter of necessity that this currency should give way and make room for one of uniform value in every part of the United States, and which could be employed by the Government in carrying on the war. Who, therefore, feels aggrieved by this measure? Only those who sympathized with the rebellion and not with the Government. It was necessary at times, and it received but little opposition except from those who desired the success of rebellion, but the principal burden of his speech at Buffalo, Chicago and here, was that when National Banks were located and the National currency distributed it was left open to be grabbed up by those who first applied for it, whereby the Eastern States got more of it, and that this was a great blunder upon the part of Congres. Again I must say that Gov. Seymour is not well informed, as Congress did everything in its power to equalize the distribution of that currency. If the Governor had read the National Currency Act, he could not have made that statement. The Seventeenth Section of the Act provides as follows:—

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the entire amount of circulating notes to be issued under this act shall not exceed three hundred million of dollars, one hundred and fifty millions of which sum shall be appropriated to associations in the States, in the District of Columbia and in the Territories according to representative population, and the remainder shall be apportioned by the Secretary of the Treasury among associations formed in the several States, in the District of Columbia and in the Territories, having due regard to existing banking capital, revenues and business of such States, Districts and Territories.

The State of Indiana got just as much of the currency as she was able to take, and her people were urged by the Comptroller of the Currency, Judge McCulloch, to take more than they did, but Mr. Seymour says that the matter should have been kept open until the Western States were able to take their full share. The Government had to have money and had to sell her bonds. We were in the midst of a terrible war and could not wait for money until the States were all prepared to take equal portions of banking capital. The people in the Eastern States had more capital and more money to purchase bonds with than the people of the West, and it was so before the war. The Western States have a larger proportion of national banking currency than they had of State or local banks before the war. I have a statement made up from the books of the Bank of the State of Indiana and from the books of the Auditor of State which shows the following facts: In October, 1857, the capital of the national banks in Indiana amounted to $12,767,000, their circulation was $11,942,000, their loans were $13,310,258. In March, 1861, the entire bank capital in Indiana was $4,303,425, the entire circulation was $5,368,297, their loans, $6,444,753—so that under the national banking system Indiana has $8,413,575 of an increased banking capital, $5,673,703 of increased circulation and $6,444,753 of increased banking loans, so that under the present system our banking capital has been trebled and our bank circulation more than doubled. Mr. Seymour goes on to say that while Indiana has twelve million dollars of national banking currency, Massachusetts has fifty-seven millions, but he fails to notice that in 1862 Massachusetts had sixty-seven millions of banking capital while Indiana had but four million three hundred and fifty three thousand, and this when Indiana and the national government were just passing from Democratic into Republican hands; but on examination we shall find that the taxes are distributed among the eastern and western States in about the same ratio.

Rhode Island has two representatives in Congress, and paid last year $2,853,500 of internal revenue tax. Massachusetts has twenty-one representatives in Congress, and last year paid nearly eighteen millions of dollars of internal revenue tax. Indiana has eleven representatives in Congress, and last year she paid but two millions three hundred and forty-two thousand dollars of Internal Revenue tax. But Mr. Seymour does not complain that there is any hardship in that, for his mission is to array the West against the East. On last Saturday he showed to the people of Chicago how terribly they were wronged by his own, and other eastern States, in the distribution of National Bank currency; that Massachusetts had $57,000,000, while Illinois had but $10,000,000. Now, to show how terribly Illinois has been outraged in this matter, I will read from the official report, from which it appears that in 1861 and 1862 all the banks of Illinois together had but six hundred and nineteen thousand two hundred and eighty-six dollars in currency, which, according to Mr. Seymour's statement, was driven out to give place to $10,000,000 in national banking currency. And to further prove how terribly the Northwest has been wronged in this whole business, I read from the same report that all the Western States, including Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas and Nebraska, had in 1861 nineteen millions six hundred and eighty-four thousand five hundred and fifty-four dollars in currency all told, and that the same States have now of National banking currency fifty millions six hundred and thirty-nine thousand six hundred and ten dollars, being an addition of thirty millions to their currency, growing out of the change from the local to the National banking system.

In January, 1862, before the national banks were established, the total amount of bank circulation, including the rebel States, was two hundred and thirty-eight million six hundred and seventeen thousand and two hundred and eighteen dollars, of which the nine northwestern States had, as before stated, one hundred and ninety-one million six hundred and eighty-four thousand and five hundred and sixty-four dollars, which was about one-thirteenth of the whole amount of circulation. Now the national banks have a circulation of three hundred millions, of which the nine northwestern States have one-sixth, or fifty millions.

Governor Seymour makes much ado because the rates of interest are higher in the West than in the East, but he greatly exaggerates the difference; it is not more than one-third of what he represents, still the rates of interest are higher in the Eastern than in the Western States, and have always been so. Money is cheaper in the old and wealthy States than in new countries which are but partially developed and are rapidly improving. Money is cheaper in New York than it is in Chicago, and it is much cheaper in London than it is in New York.

Mr. Seymour presents the difference in the rates of interest between New York and Chicago as something new and wonderful; as a great oppression brought about by the action of the Republican party, when the truth is that the difference is less than it was ten years ago, and is growing smaller from year to year, as the west increases in wealth and capital.

And now I come to Mr. Seymour's position as to the Five-Twenty bonds, whether they shall be paid in gold or in greenbacks. On the 29th of June he made a speech at Cooper Institute, in New York, in which he assumed, without condescending to argue the question, that all the bonds were to be paid in gold, and went on to show what injustice and hardships would result to the holders of the bonds if they were paid in paper. The position he took at that time was positive and emphatic, and to show the views of the northwestern Democracy upon his speech, I will read a brief editorial from the Cincinnati *Enquirer* of June 29, 1868, among the most influential Democratic papers in the North-west:

"*Gov. Seymour's Speech.*—The radical papers seem to be well pleased in the main with the late speech of Gov. Horatio Seymour in New York. They report it as a plea for the bondholder that his bonds shall be paid in gold. The Governor is usually sound, but his views upon this question run counter to those of ninety-nine Democrats out of a hundred. They can never be sanctioned either by the party or the country. The bonds will not be paid in gold unless the holders will take the sums they were worth in that commodity when they bought them in 1862."

Governor Seymour's financial views are not calculated to strengthen the Democracy, but they will give aid and comfort to the opposition. Five days after this speech was made, the New York Convention adopted the following resolution: "*Third*, And where the obligations of the government do not expressly state upon their face or the law under which they were issued, does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States. Mr. Seymour, in his letter accepting the nomination, endorses this resolution in the following words: "I have carefully read the resolutions adopted by the Convention, and most cordially concur in every principle and sentiment they advance." In his speech at Buffalo, the other night, he disposed of this question in the following sentiment, which was intended to mean anything or nothing, as the reader desired: "We have said that when the agreement was that he should have been paid in gold, he should have it, and when the contract did not define in what he should have been paid, he should have been given a money as good as that which we use for the sacred purposes of paying our pensions and rewarding the toil of the laborer; but as the pensioner and laborer are both paid in greenbacks, the sentence means, if it means anything, that the bondholders shall be paid in the same way. But Mr. Seymour had pledged himself to both sides of this question, and those pledges have been given so near together that in fact he has no position on the subject, and his two contradictory opinions taken together make both worthless. In his speech at Cooper Institute, he said, that the first thing to be done to restore the credit of the country was to return to specie payments by making the greenback as good as gold, and until this was done the credit of our bonds could not be bought up in the market, and that instead of increasing the amount of currency we should make that good which we now have in that position. I think he was entirely right, but in his speech at Chicago he reverses his position, he declared that the currency could not be made good and brought up to par until the bonds had first been brought up to par in gold. In his Cooper Institute speech he was very earnest and eloquent in favor of returning to specie payment, as the one thing to be done which would equalize the interests of all classes, restore the credit of the nation at home and abroad, and place our bonds upon a level with those issued by other governments, but in his speech at Chicago he not only abandoned this position, but took grounds in favor of a further inflation of currency, which would defer specie payments beyond your life time or mine. In his speech, in this hall last night, he again donated much time to the question of the disturbance of the national currency. In this matter he seems to think that, like another distinguished Democrat, he has discovered the northwest passage. The great importance that he attaches to us did not occur to Mr. Hendricks or any other of the ten thousand Democratic speakers who have been instructing the people during this canvass, and will not occur to the great mass of the people even after they have heard Mr. Seymour. It is a weak complaint against the action of the Republican party which will not bear examination, and of which I now take my leave. In his speech here last night he sought to make an appeal to the soldier and the farmer by the following statement: "When I go over this country I find the advantages of our government unequally distributed—its financial policy bears heavily upon the people, and I find a class of men complaining of it, and I think justly too. This is not a government that deals with all alike. How happens it under this policy that the value of the security of the bondholder goes up and the value of the pension of the soldier goes down, how happens it this day that the great agricultural interest of the States, flourishing as it is, is drooping, while other interests have been so prosperous that they have forgotten, or are not disposed, to divide the advantages they enjoy in this Government with either portions of our land? If Mr. Seymour really desires to foster the interests of the pensioner and of the farmer, he will endeavor to make the currency in which the pensioner is paid and which the farmer receives for his products as good as gold, instead of depreciating its value by flooding the country with a new issue of irredeemable paper money, but as I said before, upon the financial question Mr. Seymour now has no position or standing before the country. I will turn aside from him for a time, to consider the financial schemes of Mr. Pendleton, which were impressed on the New York Convention, and incidentally express my own views upon that subject. Mr. Pendleton is represented to have said, in several speeches during the present canvass, that I endorsed his plan for the payment of the national debt in legal tender notes, commonly called greenbacks. Mr. Pendleton claims that the Government has the right to use the existing legal tender notes in payment of the five-twenty bonds, and to issue new notes with which to replace the National Bank currency and to pay off those bonds. His plan for the payment of the National debt depends almost entirely upon the further issue of legal tender notes, and necessarily involves a great inflation of the currency and an indefinite postponement of a return to specie payment. How far my position coincides with his will appear by the following statement in a speech I made at Columbus, Ohio, in August, 1857. I denounced the proposition to issue new legal tender notes to pay the national debt as in effect, repudiation and disaster to the business of the country by inflating the currency. In May last, I made my first speech in the Senate on the subject of finance, in which I attempted to maintain the following propositions: First. That the further inflation of the currency was not demanded by the people, and would be injurious to business, in every department, and especially to the laboring classes, and would indefinitely postpone the return to specie payment. Second, that the first duty of the govern-

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THROUGH.

BY HENRY F. HIRST, LL. D., D. C. L., OXFORD, ENGLAND.

Author of "Shall America Rule?" "Birney," "The Funeral," "Nova Caesarea," "Put the Man at the Helm," "Endymion," &c., &c., &c.

I.

Through—through—through!
Marched the Boys in the Blue!
Through sunshine and shadow,
On mountain and meadow,
Over field, fell and fallow,
Marched the Boys in the Blue!
Gallant and tried—the men of the few—
Marched the Boys in the Blue—
Marched through to the last—
Marched true to the last—
Marched the Boys in the Blue!

II.

Blue—blue—blue!
Hope for the Future has eyes always blue,
True, trusty and tried, in every man's view,
The blue skies above, looking down in their love,
For the future—all time; for me and for you,
Marched the Boys in the Blue!
True to the death, through a forest of flame,
Marched the Boys in the Blue!

III.

Is not the violet perfectly blue?
The gentian of autumn as azure in hue?
The asters—the stars of the woods—always blue,
Blooming always in hue, perennially blue?
Is not the ocean perpetually blue?
Are not the brooks and the lakes always blue?
The truest of eyes are the eyes that are blue,
God, blue-eyed, above, looking down in His love,
Marched the Boys in the Blue!

IV.

Blue—blue—blue!
True as the Boys were the Jackets in Blue!
Over the ocean our banners they bore
Like an aurora from shore unto shore;
East, West, North and South stream'd the symbol of light,
And that which was darkness grew starry and bright,
On our lakes, on our rivers, the flag flashed like fire,
Flaunting, still flaunting us, and higher and higher,
Through shot and through shell, borne on o'er the true,
Bold sons of Posidon—the Jackets in Blue!
The Children of Neptune—the Jackets in Blue!

V.

True—true—true!
WHATEVER THEIR HUE!
Marched the Boys in the Blue!
For you, and for me, and the glory of God,
Each veteran trod hill, and valley, and sod;
Some sinking like staves, dying under the rod—
How many thousands lie under the clod?
But blest be God! Still trusty and true,
Marched the Lads of the Land—
Marched the Youth of the Age—
Marched the Men of the Age—
GRANT'S BOYS IN THE BLUE!

—*Philadelphia Press.*

MANUFACTURES.

—A steam fire engine factory is now being built in Boston.

—A large manufactory of musical instruments is being built at Foxcroft, Me.

—Estey & Co., employ 150 hands and turn out 250 organs and melodeons monthly.

—The Burlington (Vt.) Iron Company lost $2,000 by the burning of one of their furnaces last week.

—Rogers and Bartlett's starch mills at Lisbon, N. H., were destroyed by fire Oct. 15th. Loss, 10,000.

—There are eleven rolling mills in Philadelphia, and their pay rolls amount to about one million dollars a year.

—Goodyear's axle and pistol factory, at New Haven, had $30,000 worth of damage done to it last week by fire.

—The Penfield paper mills, near Rochester, N. Y., were destroyed by fire last week. The insurance was $60,000.

—Dobson, White & Co.'s sheddy mill, at Vernon Depot, Conn., was burned down last week. Loss $2,000 to $10,000.

—The New England Vise Company keeps twenty hands constantly employed, and is about to greatly enlarge its business.

—One factory in Vermont last year made 11,000 children's carriages and 19,000 clothes-wringers, besides willow baskets.

—The River Street Flouring Mill in Milwaukee was destroyed by fire last week. The loss was $65,000, the insurance $35,000.

—The Reversible Paper Collar Company uses two tons of paper per day, and have a capacity of more than half a million of collars a day.

—The little Androscoggin river is to be dammed at Auburn, Maine, and several large manufacturing establishments will be erected there in the spring.

—The Howe Sewing Machine factory at Bridgeport, Conn., is to be greatly enlarged. At present the daily product is 110 machines, which will be increased to 300,000.

—The Methuen Company, at Methuen, Mass., is now building a new cotton mill, which will treble its present capacity. The new mill is to be 126 feet long and six stories high.

—The manufacturers of the American Eagle tobacco in Detroit, turn out 200,000 pounds per year of that brand, besides 150,000 pounds of various kinds of smoking tobacco.

—In Clarksville, Tennessee, there are fourteen tobacco stemmeries, with an aggregate capital of $300,000, six rehandling factories with a capital amounting to $130,000, and one cigar factory.

—The firm of Cornelius and Baker, in Philadelphia, employs 750 hands, and Miskey, Merrill and Thackera employ 400 hands all in the manufacture of gas fixtures, for which Philadelphia is headquarters.

—The Swamscott engine and machine works at Newmarket, N. H., employ two hundred and twenty-five hands, and have a very extensive establishment, having been in existence now for over forty years.

—The woolen mill owned by Thomas Butcher, at Rock Creek, Ashtabula county, Ohio, was totally destroyed by fire, on the 5th instant. The insurance on the property had expired a few days before the fire.

—The old Boston Chain Works are forty-two years old, and turn out 1,000 tons a year, including all descriptions, from the delicate dog-chain up to a flag-ship's cable. They are now making the heavy chain cables to be used in mooring the Government light-ship at New Bedford.

—The new cotton mill of the China Company is 560 feet long (including the wing,) 72 feet wide and five stories high. It is to contain 43,000 spindles, and employ 1,000 hands. The same company owns the Pembroke and Webster mills, which together have 40,000 spindles and employ 760 hands. All three mills are at Suncook, N. H.

—Beaver Falls is one of the most promising manufacturing towns in Pennsylvania. The Cutlery Company employs 600 hands and has the largest factory in the place and one of the finest in the country. A foundry is being erected, which will be the largest between Pittsburgh and Chicago. An extensive pottery is approaching completion, and a glass works and a hinge factory have been projected.

—Whiting's elastic carriage hub has recently been patented; it consists of cylindrical rubber packing, within a light metalic shell, which gives great elasticity, preventing strain and breakage of wheels on rough roads, pavements, &c. A further advantage resulting from the use of this hub is the easy and noiseless motion of the carriage. Those who have used carrisges furnished with this hub are unanimous in its praise.

EPHEMERIS.

—New York has several Hansom-cabs.

—Goldwin Smith is *en route* for this country.

—Tea has been successfully grown in Maine.

—$122 per acre is what James Buchanan's farm sold for.

—An Italian dramatist has made Milton the here of a tragedy.

—*Punch* says "never waste your time; waste somebody else's."

—A $10,000 statue of Queen Victoria is to be erected at Montreal.

—London fogs do not agree with Mr. Burlingame's set of China.

—$10,000,000 worth of smoking pipes were manufactured in France last year.

—Bayard Taylor's parents celebrated their golden wedding on the 15th inst.

—The Sandwich Islanders expect to raise 23,000,000 pounds of sugar next year.

—A large subscription is being collected in London for the Red River sufferers.

—A young lady is said to occupy John Leech's place in Punch's artistic staff.

—A danseuse was burned to death at a music hall in Louisville, on the 20th inst.

—A Chinese dramatic company is playing in one of the San Franciscan theatres.

—Small London boys use catapults for throwing stones into windows from a distance.

—Some one has given Secretary Seward a free pass over the Erie Railroad engraved on silver.

—The Roman Catholics are reported to be building a $3,000,000 cathedral in Canton, China.

—The White Scalper is the fascinating name of a book, by Gustave Aimard, just published by Peterson.

—Boston has six theatres, four art galleries, a concert company and a museum of anatomy, all in full blast.

—Count Wallewski did not die as poor as was reported. He left $350,000 worth of unincumbered real estate.

—The Cleveland *Leader* heads its account of a murder there on Saturday with "Liquor and Politics kill a man."

—New York had 250 weddings last week, so that there are probably 250 metropolitan brides scattered over the country.

—Earth-worms and caterpillars are said to be in great demand among the lowest class of Chinese as an article of food.

—Of two thousand families in John Allen's neighborhood, not twenty persons attended any of the sensation prayer meetings.

—Napoleon is having a new map of France made. The Rhinish provinces have to be left out—perhaps on account of the size of the paper.

—Real soldiers were introduced at Astley's, London, in the "Siege of Magdala," and a real gun burst, almost really killing two poor fusileers.

—An inveterate Yankee, being armless, sits on the curbstone of Broadway, in New York, holds a jack-knife in one foot, a stick in the other, and whittles and whistles.

—A fireman on a lake steamer was caught by the crank of the engine and squeezed through a hole six inches wide in its resistless descent. He was found in pieces in the hold.

—One Queen of Parisian *Demi-Monde* lost $65,000 at Homburg and Baden-Baden this year, and then accepted Djemil Pacha's offer and accompanied him to Constantinople.

—The Paris *Liberte* says the Spanish throne has been offered to Prince Alfred, on condition that England return Gibraltar to Spain and subscribe to a loan of 40,000,000 pounds.

—The Wallachian police elicit testimony from refractory witnesses in the most agreeable manner. They hang them up with hot eggs in their armpits and splinters under their finger nails.

—George Francis Train, sitting incarcerated in the loathsome dungeons of the horrible fortresses of the tyranical British Government, pipes out cheerfully, like a snow bird from an atmosphere ten degrees below zero, "All is well. In 1872 I will be President." Wonderful George, startling energy, cruel British Government.

THE ENGLISH REVENUE.—From the revenue returns of the British Government for the quarter ending on the 30th of September, it appears that the revenue for the past quarter was £15,119,005, which is £200,000 more than that of the corresponding period last year. The total revenue for the year was £70,306,542, being £837,091 more than for the year 1867. This quarter shows a falling off in the receipts from customs, excise, stamps and Postoffice, but an increase in the amount arising from taxes, crown lands and miscellaneous, which more than counterbalances the decrease in the other sources of revenue. During the year the receipts from income-tax amounted to more than £1,500,000 in excess of the amount collected in 1867.

CROQUET.—The *Irish Farmer's Gazette*, quoting *Cassell's New Popular Educator*, says that the game of croquet, although in some respects new, is little more than an old game revived. It is used to be played by the ancient Gauls so universally that the greater portion of the promenades adjoining large towns consisted each of a long alley called the *mail*—the name of the game being *jeu de mail*. The later French received it from their ancestors, the Gauls, and it was introduced into England by Charles II., at the time of the Restoration, after his return from his sojourn in France. The long avenue in front of Buckingham Palace called the "Mail," or "Mall," derived its name from this game, which was played there.

ACCOUNTS have been received from Spitzbergen of the progress made by the Swedish Arctic Exploring Expedition, sent out this summer. The Swedish Government furnished a powerful iron screw-steamer, previously employed as an ice-breaker. The greater part of the expense, however, was borne by some gentlemen of Gothenberg interested in scientific pursuits.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
SOAP STONE,
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap16:070 25 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE,

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.
R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.
Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST. Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r93

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Pianos.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any limited instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mn8 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

KNABE & CO.'S
AND HAINES BROS. PIANOS,
For sale on monthly and quarterly payments.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
an19 43 Fifth street, Sole Agent.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 WOOD STREET, Manufacture every kind of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL STAINED GLASS,
100 WOOD STREET.

CHINA, GLASS AND
QUEENSWARE,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
PARIAN STATUETTES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.
100 WOOD STREET.
RICHARD E. BREED & CO.
mh27
100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

CONFECTIONERIES.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
MANUFACTURER OF
CREAM CANDIES AND TAFFIES,
And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.
se4 112 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery
No. 400 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEO. SCHLELEIN,
Fancy Cake Baker & Confectioner,
AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS & NUTS,
No. 40, corner Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny. Constantly on hand, ICE CREAM, of various flavors.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hesponheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.
BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING
AND SEWING MACHINE.
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.
Agents wanted to sell this Machine.
CHAS. C. BALSLEY,
Agent for Western Pennsylvania.
Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. my26:q64

FURNITURE.

118. PRACTICAL 118.
FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
LEMON & WEISE,
NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.
Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.
Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.
Work guaranteed.
mh21:n14 LEMON & WEISE.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION paid new designs. PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

DRY GOODS.

THIRD ARRIVAL
NEW GOODS
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
HANDSOMEST DRESS GOODS
IN THE CITY.
OTTOMANS AND VELOURS,
VELVETEENS.
WATER-PROOF CLOTHS,
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
Velvets and Astricans.
BLANKETS AND FLANNELS.
A very large assortment of NEW GOODS.
Remember the place
No. 52 St. Clair, near Liberty St.
oc24

87. MARKET STREET. 87.
NEW GOODS!
WATERPROOF—all colors and qualities.
CASSIMERES—for Men's and Boys' Wear.
LADIES' CLOAKINGS—Large assortment.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOS.
IRISH POPLIN—$1.00 per yard.
VELOUS POPLINS.
SILK POPLINS.
PALERMA CLOTH—for Suits.
BLACK SICILIAN LUSTRES.
BLACK AND COLORED EMPRESS CLOTHS—Large variety.
VELVETEENS—for Suits.
ELECTRIC CLOTHS.
Large assortment of PLAIDS.
Full stock of DRESS GOODS, at Lowest Eastern Prices.
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 MARKET STREET.
oc8:

168. 168.
NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.
HOSIERY and GLOVES.
F. SOUCY,
No. 168 Wylie Street.
168. 168.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION—The Co-Partnership between
JOHN BEST AND C. W. ROBINSON,
under the firm of BEST & ROBINSON, Glass Manufacturers, is this day dissolved by limitation. Mr. JOHN BEST will settle the business of the late firm. JOHN BEST.
C. W. ROBINSON.
Pittsburgh, September 1st, 1868.

CO-PARTNERSHIP—I have this day associated with me GEORGE THOMPSON, JOHN MACLEAN and THOMAS A. BEST, under the name of
BEST, THOMPSON & CO.,
in the manufacture of DOLEMETE FLINT GLASS, Patented 10th January, 1865, which we offer as a superior article to any in the market at the same price. Orders from the customers of the late firm thankfully received, and filled with as little delay as possible. JOHN BEST.
oc23

DISSOLUTION.
The Partnership heretofore existing between F. C. NEGLEY, A. G. NEGLEY and WM. H. H. RUTLEDGE, was this day dissolved, A. G. NEGLEY retiring from the firm. All accounts will be settled by the remaining members of the firm.
F. C. NEGLEY & CO.
SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1868. oc19:z17

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of
HAWORTH, McDONALD & CO.,
Is this day (October 9th,) dissolved by the death of DUNCAN McDONALD. The business will be continued as heretofore by JOHN HAWORTH and JAMES R. DEWHURST, surviving partners, under the name and style of HAWORTH & DEWHURST. oc14:z11

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of
KENNEDY & SON,
Was dissolved on the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1868, by mutual consent. The business will be carried on at the old stand by JAMES KENNEDY, who is authorized to settle all claims.
JAMES KENNEDY.
oc2:y45 —— KENNEDY.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between JOHN H. MORRIS and WM. F. HOOD, under the name and style of MORRIS, HOOD & CO., Patent Agents, has this day been dissolved by the withdrawal of J. H. MORRIS. The business will be continued at the same place, No. 89 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, by WM. F. HOOD.
October 12th, 1868. oc14:z7

CUT GLASS. PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!
Fresh ground Old Wheat Flour.
White Star Mills, for family use.
Riverside Mill, for Bakers.
Stone Mill, for Bakers.
Ontario Mill, for Bakers.
Monitor Mill, for Bakers.
City Mill, Springfield, O., Family Flour.
Carey's XXXX Family Flour.
Mad River Family Flour.
OF NEW WHEAT.
Plainview Mills Fancy St. Louis.
Tea Rose Mills do
Clarke's Best Baker's Flour.
Keystone Mills do
Coronett Mills do
For sale by
WATT, LANG & CO.,
au28 172 and 174 WOOD ST.

DRUGGISTS' GLASS.
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair
HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done the neatest manner. mh2:n3

ELEGANT TRANSOMS—P. Z. & D.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL BUYERS
Are invited to an inspection of our large stock of
NEW GOODS,
which will be found unsurpassed in assortment and price.
DOMESTIC RIBBED AND PLAIN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
MERINO UNDERWEAR, FOR LADIES', MISSES AND BOYS.
GLOVES. HOSIERY, WOOLEN GOODS,
HAND-KNIT WOOLENS FOR INFANTS,
BOULEVARD, LA BELLE,
SEAMLESS BALMORAL SKIRTS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES AND LACE GOODS,
STRIPED LINEN SETTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
ZEPHYR AND KNITTING YARNS,
CANVAS AND ZEPHYR PATTERNS, and everything in
NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
We invite the special attention of Jobbers to our stock of
Shirts, Drawers and Hosiery,
Which we can sell at Eastern case prices, by the case or dozen.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
oc27 77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

WOOLEN GOODS.
WOOLEN GOODS.
Ladies' Children's and Infant's
WOOL HOODS,
CHILDREN'S WOOL SACQUES,
LADIES' BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
INFANT'S FANCY CLOAKS.
A splendid assortment of
BUGLE AND SILK GIMPS,
suitable for trimming VELVET CLOAKS.
BALMORAL HOSIERY, A COMPLETE LINE.
Men's Country Knit Wool Half Hose.
A FULL VARIETY OF
LADIES BERLIN LISLE AND CLOTH GLOVES.
Beautiful Styles of
SILK AND VELVET BUTTONS,
Hoop Skirts, Gents' Dickens Collar, Ladies' Paper Collars and Cuffs, Neck Ties all colors, Alexandres Kid Gloves, Paris "La Belle" Skirt, New Boulevard Skirt, Morrison's Star Shirts, Men's Wool Underwear, Ladies' Wool Underwear.
HAMBURG EDGE AND INSERTING, LACES, of all kinds, CORSETS, white or colored, An assortment of HANDKERCHIEFS.
Jobbers will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
oc23:

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
No. 19 Fifth Avenue,
Are Now Constantly Opening Elegant Lines of
FALL & WINTER GOODS.
SILK FRINGES, GIMPS, VELVET BUTTONS;
BUTTONS, BRAIDS, BINDINGS;
BONNET, NECK ANK HAIR RIBBONS;
EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RUFFLINGS;
BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, PLUMES.
NEW STYLES SKIRTS AND CORSETS.
A full assortment of
LADIES' UNDER-GARMENTS!
FLEECED COTTON AND RIBBED HOSIERY.
The best makes of
MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
Sole Agents for the sale of
THE HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVES.
"S. S." KIDS, $1.00.
"ALEXANDRE" KID, $1.25.
Thompson's "Glove Fitting" CORSETS, all sizes.
ZEPHYR AND KNITTING YARNS, all shades.
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS,
And KNIT GOODS. oc19

WALL PAPERS.

NEW
WALL PAPERS,
For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,
NOW OPENING, AT
107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,
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Having removed their Office to
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Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
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IN BRILLIANT COLORS,
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ALL WOOL INGRAINS, in great variety.
COMMON CARPETS,
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DRUGGETS, all Widths.
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Our stock is the largest and most desirable we have ever offered to the trade.
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AT POPULAR PRICES.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS
OFFER THE
Newest and Best Patterns
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
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Velvet,
Brussels,
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Three Ply,
And Ingrain
CARPETS,
JUST OPENED AND OFFERED AT THE
LOWEST RATES.
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ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS
OFFERED IN THIS CITY.
OYSTER, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR, SODA, CREAM, SCOTCH and LEMON BISCUITS.
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Bakery, No. 91 Liberty St.

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HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
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Green, Blue, Orange, Purple, Yellow Glass, PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood street.

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And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
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ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,
No. 55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. 7:08

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 134¼@134¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money active and firm at 7 per cent. in currency to 7 per cent. in coin, with a commission of 1-16@¼ per cent. The Bank of Commerce converted some 3 per cent. certificates and loaned a million and a half, which slightly only ameliorated the stringency. Discounts are working closer; prime 8a10. Sterling firm at 109¾@110¼. It is presumed a fair amount of gold will be shipped this week. Importers are also buying more freely. Gold opened at 134⅝, advanced to 134⅞, and closed at 134¼@134¼. Gold is loaned flat.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments less doing and lower, but closed steady: Coupons, of '81, 114¾; do. '62, 112¾@113; do. '64, 110¾@110¾; do. '65, 110½@111; do. new, 109¾@109¾; do. '67, 109⅞@110; do. '68, 110½; 10-40s, 103⅜@103⅝.

BORDER STATE BONDS.

Border State Bonds quiet; Missouris, 90; Old Tennessees, 69; New Tennessees, 68½; Old North Carolinas, 66@68; New North Carolina, 66@67; Old Virginias, 55.

STOCKS.

In stocks the excitement has partially abated. Much outside pressure, however, is thrown on the market by parties unable to carry it, but the cliques were not sellers to any extent. During the day the market was generally lower, but before the close became strong, with a rally from the lowest point of 1 to 3 per cent. New York Central and Reading were especially active.

CLOSING PRICES, 5:30 P. M.: Canton, 48@48½; Cumberland, 34¼@34½; Wells, Fargo & Co. Express, 29@29½; American, 45@46; Adams, 50@50¼; United States, 47@47½; Merchants Union, 22¼@22¾; Quicksilver, 22@22½; Mariposa, 5@8; preferred, 18½@20; Pacific Mail, 122¾@123; Western Union Telegraph, 35¾@36¼; New York Central, 124¾@124¾; Erie, 40⅝@40⅝; do. preferred, 66½; Hudson, 134@135; Reading, 97@97½; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¼@30½; Wabash, 62@62¼; do. preferred, 72¼; St. Paul, 96@97; do. preferred, 98@99; Michigan Central, 118@118½; Michigan Southern, 85@85¼; Illinois Central, 143@144; Pittsburgh, 87¼@87½; Toledo, 102@102½; Rock Island, 104¼@104½; Northwestern, 89½@89¾; do. preferred, 90¼; Fort Wayne, 112¾@112½; Boston, Hudson & Erie, 26¾@27¼; Chicago & Alton, 154¾155; Terre Haute, 40@42; preferred, 62.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares active on Smith & Parmlee, at 485@500, closing at 490; Gregory, 450.

COPPER STOCKS.

Copper Stocks at Boston; Copper Falls, 17¼; Franklin, 14; Hancock, 4; Minnesota, 4.

SUB-TREASURY MATTERS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $1,233,178. Payments, $2,331,340; balance, $93,703,339.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27.—Cotton less active and scarcely so firm; sales 2,800 bales at 25¾c for middling uplands. Flour heavy and 10a15c lower; receipts 9,824 bbls; sales 7,700 bbls at $6,10a6,60 for superfine State and Western; $6,75a7,30 for extra State; $6,65a7,80 for extra Western; $8,10a9,65 for white wheat extra; $7,30a9,40 for round hoop Ohio; $8a9,50 for extra St. Louis; $10a14 for good choice do., closing quiet; California dull and heavy; sales 400 sacks at $7a10. Rye Flour quiet; sales 150 bbls at $6a8. Corn Meal quiet at $7 for Western, and Brandywine at previous prices. Whisky steady; sales 300 bbls city at $1,10a1,11, and 80 bbls Western at $1,12. Wheat less active, and closes heavy; receipts 71,955 bus; sales 81,000 bus at $1,50a1,58 for inferior choice No. 2 spring; $1,62a1,65 for No. 1 do., $1,70 at retail; sales do. at $2,06 for amber State; $2,07a2,10 for amber Michigan. Rye dull and declining. Barley heavy and lower; sales of 25,000 bush two rowed State at $2a5,05. Barley malt quiet; sales of 2,700 bush at $2,30. Corn; receipts, 55,325 bush; the market is dull, heavy and 1a2c lower; sales of 7,300 bush at $1,11a1,13 for unsound; $1,13¼a1,14½ for sound mixed western afloat; $1,12½a1,13 for do in store. Oats—receipts, 48,370 bush; the market is lower; sales of 92,000 bush at 72½a73c for new western. Rice quiet at 9a9½c for Carolina. Coffee quiet; sales of 700 bags Rio at private terms. Sugar in moderate request; sales of 680 hhds Cuba at 11¼a12c. Molasses dull. Hops unchanged at 15a26c for American. Petroleum firm at 16c for crude, and 30c for refined, bonded. Linseed oil quiet at 98a$1. Spirits of turpentine, 43a44. Pork heavy and lower; sales 1,250 bbls at $26a26,37 for mess; closing at $26; regular sales at $26,50; old do. $23a24; prime, $26a27,25. Prime mess beef is steady; sales 170 bbls at $11a19 for new plain mess; $19a23,25 for new extra mess; tierce beef is quiet at $28a29 for prime mess; $31a32 for India mess; beef hams dull at $28a33; cut meats heavy and lower; sales 130 pkgs at 11a11¼c for shoulders; 12a15c for hams middles, which are dull and heavy. Lard is firmer aad there is a fair demand; sales were made of 870 tierces at 15½a17c for steam; 17¼a18c for kettle rendered. Butter is steady at 30a37c for Ohio; 40a50c for State. Cheese is quiet at 13¼a17½c. Freights to Liverpool are a shade and engagements per steamer of 25,000 bus wheat at 7¾d and 1,500 bbls flour at 3s. are reported;

LATEST—Flour closed in favor of buyers, with a moderate inquiry. Wheat dull and 2a3c lower; holders are rather more disposed to realize. Rye nominal. Oats dull and heavy at 72a72½c for western. Corn lower and dull at $1,09a1,11½ for unsound, and $1,12a1,13 for sound mixed western. Pork lower and heavy at $25,85a26 for mess, cash and regular. Beef is in favor of buyers, with a moderate demand. Cut Meats nominal. Lard steady at 17¼a17½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs firm at 35a34c.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, October 27.—Both Flour and Wheat are dull and prices nominal. Corn; old being scarce, is held at 98ca$1, but new can be bought at 55a56c. Oats quiet at 58a60c for No. 1 and choice. Rye dull and drooping at $1,80 for No. 1. Barley unsettled for spring, at $2,30a2,40 for prime State and Canada spring. Cotton less firm; middling 23½a24c. Tobacco unchanged and quiet. Whisky declined to $1,10. No Mess Pork and but little Lard of consequence in the market; prices nominal, with small sales of prime old Lard at 16¼a16¾c. No Bulk Meats offering, excepting a small lot of clear sides at 15¾c. Bacon is held at 13c, 16¼a17¼c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides. Groceries unchanged. Linseed Oil dull at $1. Flaxseed $2,30a2,35. Gold 134 buying. Exchange firm at par buying, and 50 to 1-10 premium selling.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Oct. 27.—Receipts—flour 4,951 bbls; wheat 16,404; corn 15,293; oats 2,316; rye 1,812; barley 400 bush. Shipments—flour 3,295 bbls; wheat 41,337; corn 26,850; oats 650 bush. Flour dull and declining. Wheat 1c lower for white and 5c for spring; amber closes 1c better; white Michigan at $1,84; amber at $1,75a1,76; No. 1 red at $1,75; No. 2 spring at $1,20. Corn 2a3c lower at 89a90c for No. 1, and 89c for Michigan. Oats at 53c for No. 1 and Michigan, and 51½c for No. 2; rejected at 49c. Rye dull and nominally lower at $1,10 for rejected. Freights unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, Oct. 27.—Flour dull and declined 5c, at $7a725 for western superfine; $8,25a9,25 for extra, and $9,50a11 for family. Wheat dull at $2,35a2,50 for prime to choice red. Corn dull and lower at $1,25 for prime yellow. Oats dull. Rye nominal. Provisions firmer at yesterday's prices.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, October 27.—Eastern Exchange in light supply and very firm: 1-10 off buying and 1-10 premium selling. Flour dull at $4,75a8,25 for spring extras. Wheat more steady and quiet: sales of No. 1 at $1,25a1,26, and No. 2 at $1,17¼a1,19; closing at $1,17¾a1,18 for No. 2; sales of No. 2 this afternoon at $1,15½. Corn; No. 1 in fair request but 1½a2c lower; sales at 81½84c; closing at 81½a82c; No. 2 quiet at 80a81c; rejected 2c lower; sales at 78a78½c; sales of No. 1 since change at 80c. Oats in fair shipping demand and ½a¾c lower; No. 1 at 43½a44c, and rejected at 41a42c; closing at 43½a43¾c for No. 1. Rye quiet and firmer; No. 1 at $1,10a1,12; No. 2 at $1,07a1,08, and rejected at $1,00; closing at outside price for No. 1. Barley in fair demand and 6a7c higher; sales of No. 2 at $1,62a1,68, and rejected at $1,35a1,42; closing at $1,66a1,67 for No. 2; a round lot of No. 2 sold at $1,60, seller for the month. Highwines dull and nominal, at $1,10 for free. Provisions dull. Mess Pork, $28a29. Dry salted shoulders steady at 10c. Sugar packed hams, 13c. Mess beef quiet at 14c. Lard, 16a16½c. Freights quiet and less firm. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—11,608 barrels flour, 112,664 bushels wheat, 141,372 bushels corn, 173,487 bushels oats, 19,902 bushels rye, 16,130 bushels barley. Shipments—14,208 barrels flour, 114,988 bushels wheat, 359 bushels corn, 54,600 bushels oats, 1,184 bushels rye, 5,066 bushels barley.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 27.—Tobacco dull, heavy and lower, at $7,75a9,00 for lugs, $9,50a12,50 for dark leaf, $14a18 for black wrappers, $14a40 for medium to bright leaf. Cotton 22a22¼c. Flour in better demand and unchanged; $5,25a6,00 for super, $6,25a7,00 for extra, $7,25a8,25 for double extra, and $9a12,50 for triple extra to fancy. Wheat languid at yesterday's decline; prime to choice fall sold at $1,60a2,00, fancy red and white $2,05a2,20. Corn firm at $1,04a1,10, latter for choice white. Oats dull and lower at 47½a52c. Barley dull—no demand except for best qualities; prices range at $1,85a2,35 for strictly prime to fancy spring. Rye heavy and lower at $1,16a1,18. Pork lower at $30,75a31,00. Bacon quiet, at 13¼a13½c; shoulders 16½c; clear rib sides 17½a17¾c; clear sides 18½c. Lard sold in a small way at 18½c for choice tierce. Whisky demoralized, at $1,05a1,19 offered and $1,12a1,15 asked. Receipts—Flour, 4,706 bbls; wheat, 13,000 bush; corn, 4,300 bush; oats, 20,600 bush; barley, 3,400 bush; rye, 6,300 bush.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, October 27.—Flour—City made is held at $12 for treble extra white; $10a10,25 for double extra amber; $8,75a9 for double extra; $8a8,25 for double extra spring; $7,50a8,25 for extra spring; country made ranges at $8,75a9,50 for double extra red and amber; $7,50a8,75 for double extra spring; $10a11 for double extra white. Wheat—No. 1 red, $1,80; No. 2 do. $1,67. Corn—No. 1 shelled, 96c; new ear, 65c. Oats are held at 60c. Rye dull and unchanged, is held at $1,35 for No. 1 State and western. Barley is in better request but is unsettled and irregular, is held at $2,15a2,18 for No. 1 Canada; No. 2 State at $2. Petroleum market is dull and less firm; refined is held at 26a27c for round lots; retail lots 2a3c higher.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, October 27.—Cotton is quiet, firm and unchanged; the receipts amounted to 2,199 bales, and the exports 2,043 bales. Flour is dull and nominal. Corn is quiet, and sales were made of old at 95a100, and new at 70a72c. Oats; prices are held at 62c. Bran is held at $25 per ton. Hay is selling at $25. Pork is held at $33. Lard is held at 20a21c. Bacon is steady, with sales of shoulders at 14c, and clear sides at 18a18¼c.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.—Petroleum dull with crude at 20c, and refined at 29½c. Flour in better demand; extra Northwestern family $8a8,25; Ohio $10,25. Wheat declining, with red at $1,75a2,00, and amber $2,10. Rye; sales in lots at $1,65. Corn dull and lower, with yellow at $1,28, and mixed western at $1,25. Oats 74a75c for western. Whisky lower at $1,20 free. Provisions unchanged.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 27.—Tobacco; sales, 49 hhds at full rates, including Hart county new leaf at 16¼. Flour, superfine, at $6a7,25. Cotton at 23c. Wheat at $1,75a2. Corn, old, at 95c, and new at 55c, by bulk. Oats at 55c. Mess Pork at $30. Bacon—Shoulders at 13½c; clear rib sides at 16½c; clear sides at 17½c, packed. Lard, tierce, at 18a18½c. Whisky, raw, free ½.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, October 27.—Flour dull and prices unchanged. Wheat unsettled at $1,27 for No. 1 in store, and $1,16 for No. 2. Corn quiet at 94c. Oats quiet at 46c. Receipts, 3,000 bbls flour, 97,000 bush wheat, 400 bush corn, 400 bush oats. Shipments, 9,000 bbls flour, 134,000 bush wheat, 300 bush oats, 1,000 bush corn.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, October 27.—2 cars metal, Jas Wood, Son & Co; 12 do do, Nimick & Co; 1 do de, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 3 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 125 pcs shoulders, E H Myers & Co; 100 bbls flour, Wm Schomaker; 14 crates, 2 hhds, 1 car scrap iron, T Maloney; 800 qr sks, 525 bbls flour, 24 sks buckwheat flour, owner; 100 green hides, Hartley, McKee & Co; 1 bx hardware, Bissell & Co; 28 bdls broom handles, Z B Taylor; 10 bxs crackers, Kramer & Bohon; 6 cars rye, D Wallace; 100 bbls flour, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 1 car rye, 11 bales hops, J M Carson & Co; 250 pigs lead, J B Canfield & Son; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro, 3 cars wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 3 bbls lubricating oil, F Mason; 1 bbl, 6 bxs frames, W Haslage; 81 bbls apples, 110 sks oats, 45 do rye, H Rea Jr; 5 bxs scrap iron, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 5 bbls apple butter, 1 do onions, W J Steel & Bro; 30 sks potatoes, J Knox; 1 car fire brick, Kier, Glover & Co; 50 bxs soap, J S Dilworth & Co; 1 bbl bacon, F Sellers & Co; 20 bales hops, J Rhodes & Co; 9 do do, Z Wainwright; 1 car potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 6 sheets iron, W B Scaife & Son; 34 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 case shoes, W B Clap; 1 do do, G Albree & Son; 2 casks mdse, J D Thompson; 30 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co; 1 car limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 8 bbls cider, G Meyer; 1 car corn, Bricker & Co; 133 bales hay, O H Allerton; 1 car oats, Mitchell & Reynolds.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, October 27.—35 bales hay, H M Henderson; 1 car ear corn, Brown & Williams; 1 do rye, W J Meek; 20 sks barley, 10 do wheat, 69 sks barley, McHenry & Hood; 2 cars barley, Meanor & Harper; 1 do do, Gilmore, Straub & Co; 200 sks barley, Franenheim, Miller & Co; 10 bdls pelts, T Straus; 8 bbls apples, McGinnis & Co; 48 sks barley, F Schild; 40 pkgs starch, E Heazleton; 12 bdls felloes, 3 do shafts, J Godfrey; 25 bbls onions, Van Gorder & Sheppard; 5 cans butter, 1 bbl eggs, J McDowell; 42 sks oats, 18 do barley, Robb & Herron; 19 bbls apples, Carter, McGrew & Co; 9 do do, Head & Metzgar; 1 bdl hobbies 5 do rockers, J P Kaufman; 7 bdls steel, G H Nettleton; 30 kegs tobacco, Chas Kothan; 5 do do, Lindsay & McCune; 13 bbls apples, 2 kegs apple butter, Graff & Reiter; 6 rolls leather, 15 bdls hides, G N Hoffstott; 1 keg apple butter, 2 tubs butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 9 bdls iron, Mitchell, Stevenson & Co; 2 bbls apples, W J Steel & Bro; 10 cans oil, Harris & Ewing; 12 hhd tobacco, J Grier & Co; 3 do do, W & D Rinehart; 3 bdls whisky, Wm Sedden & Co; 5 do do, A Glockner; 5 do do, Dilinger & Stevenson; 10 do oil, James Lippincott; 15 do do, J Dalzell & Son; 2 cars oats, McCune & Bro; 4 do hay, O H Allerton; 1 do corn, J W Simpson; 1 do oats, J B Campbell; 1 car staves, Wm Hastings; 1 do barley, W J Meek; 100 bdls felows, Shipton & Wallace; 1 cook stove, D Dehaven & Son; 3 bxs f rods, Lockhart & Co; 1 car oats, R Knox & Son; 2 do old rails, T T Jewett; 3 do corn, D Wallace.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, October 27.—5 cars barley, W J Meek; 5 do do, Z Wainwright; 1 do stone, John L L Knox; 1 do do, P Wolfe; 174 sks potatoes, 64 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 151 do do, 1 do potatoes, H Riddle; 100 do apples, 20 do flour, 4 sks corn, 10 do oats, E Heazleton; 30 bdls spokes, Thos Hare & Bro; 37 bdls broom handles, McElroy & Co; lot machinery, Adams & Co; 6 bellows, Jos Woodwell & Co; 13 pumps, 3 force do, 1 pump top, 1 bx hardware, B C Davis; 1 car iron ore, Lloyd & Black; 2 bxs wood, Hays & Stewart; 1 bbl, 3 hf bbls tobacco, H Dallinger; 4 bbls do, 1 hf bbl do, John Megraw; 2 bbls scrap iron, J Jones; 2 bbls wire, J R Taylor; 12 cases tobacco, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 cks vinegar, Rhine & Wheeler; 2 bdls apples, J Sloan; 4 bxs scales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co; 8 bbls apples, J J Pettit; 22 sks rye, Scott & Gisal; lot stoneware, J Brush; 20 bbls whisky, M McCullough, Jr & Co; 17 casks cider, H McSwiggen; 45 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 129 sks barley, Dillinger & Stevenson; lot machinery, Smith & Porter; 4 bbls, 3 sks, 11 bgs chestnuts, Graff & Reiter.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, October 27.—2920 bbls Crude oil, Fisher Bros; 240 do do, J Bushnell Agt; 360, J Mawhimmey Bro's; 160 do, D M Edgerton; 160 do do, A B Mills; 1 car scrap iron, Mullen & Meloney; 2 cars stone, Harrison & Bro; 1 car scrap iron, H Bale & Co; 60 bbls salt, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 58 sks buckwheat flour, Jas Connor; 30 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 5 head cattle, R G Crawford; 2 bbl eggs, J E Shoenberger & Bro. 111 sks oats, 43 do rye, 8 do corn, Scott & Gisal; 68 pgs produce, J B Copeland; 16 do do, A Miller; lot old metal, J Hall & Co; 9 pgs marketing Monongahela House; 8 cars do, various owners; 1 car pig iron, Coalman, Rham & Co; 4 do do, J Moorhead; 2 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 6 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair.

ALLEGHENY STATION, October 27.—5 cars cars metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 3 do do, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 16 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 100 bbls flour, J B McKee; 500 pigs lead, Beymer, Bauman & Co; 1 car middlings, Rose & Ewing; 28 bales hops, Smith & Co; 114 bgs barley, 65 do oats, R Knox & Son; 2 cars metal, Superior Iron Co; 1 do wheat, M Weil; 1 do flaxseed, Ewer, Hamilton & Co; 1 do barley, Joseph Rhodes & Co; 226 bdls hides, A Holsteine; 5 sks onions, J Herbert; 20 bbls flour, S C McMasters; 5 bbls oil, S Cummings; 7 bales hops, H Heckelman.

RIVER NEWS.

The marks at the foot of Wodd street indicated about twenty-eight inches. This would make some forty inches in the left of Glass House. Boats, however, will not venture out until we have more water. The steamer Allena May was sold yesterday by the Marshall for $3,100. She was purchased by Mr. Meek, for Messrs. Gibson and & Son, distillers, who will run her in the slack water for the purpose of doing their own freighting, as well as for anybody else who may choose to patronize them. This firm does a large business, all things considered. The price paid was a good one.

—The snagboat R. E. DeRussey has got off the bar in Missouri river, and is on her way to St. Louis.

—Captain Frank Oakes, of the Alaska, has been seriously ill, but is recovering. He is aboard the boat.

—There is talk of the Belle Lee taking the place of the Gen. Quitman, in the New Orleans and Vicksburg trade.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says that "Mr. W. T. Sibley, of New Albany, wants to purchase a couple of bars on steamboats, for which he will pay cash in advance."

—The Wauanita, Glasgow Kate Putnam, Bellevernon and Leonidas, with nearly full cargoes for Pittsburgh, are laid up at Cincinnati waiting water to enable them to complete their trips.

—The Edinburgh reports passing the towboat Silver Heels sunk to her hurricane roof, one mile below Vanceburg, on the Kentucky shore, in below the rocks. The accident occurred during Friday night. She is owned by Captain Little and others in Portsmouth, Ohio, and will prove a total loss.

—We had the pleasure, says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, of an introduction to Captain A. McGill, of the Belle Lee, on Saturday. He, in company with Captain J. Stut Neal, A. T. Gilmore, R. H. Wolfolk and C. J. Walton, altogether representing steamboats to the capacity of 14,000 tuns, came here from Louisville, to confer with our steamboat owners, with the hope of making steamboating more profitable. The party returned home Saturday evening.

—The Cairo *Democrat*, of Friday, says: The officers in charge of the United States survey of the Ohio river, were in the city yesterday. The recent rise interfered with their work from Smithland to this point, and it is thought the work in the way of sounding will have to be done over again. The survey will make some important changes in established distances, &c., on the river. It is found that over one route a difference of nearly $75,000 a year will be made in favor of the Government in the transportation of the mails.

—The Nashville *Banner* says: The A. Baker, which was to have left at 10 a. m., was detained until 3 p. m., five hours. After the engineer had fired up he found that some scoundrel had let all the water out of the boilers. What could have been the motive for so mean an act it is somewhat difficult to determine. Had any considerable quantity of water been suddenly let the boilers after they had become heated to the usual degree, a disastrous explosion might have taken place. We hope that the perpetrator of this villainous trick will be discovered and punished according to his deserts.

—We clip the following from the Wheeling *Intelligencer*: We have seen Deputy Marshall Irwin, and learn from that gentleman that he has just returned from Parkersburgh, where he served a writ on the McCullough, and where she now lies tied up. From this, it seems, that the owners of the mules lost on the Butler has already taken the preliminary steps for instituting suit.....The same paper says: The steamer J. N. McCullough has given bond and has been released from the custody of the Marshal. It remains to be seen whether the boat or the mules will come off victorious in the suit.

—We clip the following from the Louisville *Courier*, of Monday: The Economist left for Arkansas river last evening with a pretty fair trip. Among her passengers from this city were a party of fifteen sportsmen who are going to the wilds of Arkansas on a big boat. They are well supplied with arms for killing and salt for preserving their game. The stock of guns in the cabin look warlike, and if the Kuklux happen to board her they will think they have found another consignment of loil campaign documents. Happily the people of our State would scorn to assist in the unholy work of persecuting our Southern brethern.

—The same paper also says: Yesterday the Economist purchased, among other stores, a quantity of meat purporting to be 484 pounds, but which, when weighed shortly after delivery, had, in some unaccountable manner, shrunk sixty-five pounds. The captain, fearing that at that rate he would have nothing left by the time he got through the canal, refused to receive it and returned the meat to the butcher. Our Louisville dealers have generally a good reputation for honesty and fair dealing, and we are greatly surprised to hear of the above transaction. The policy is in itself suicidal, and we hope that we shall hear of no more such little tricks.

—The Dubuque *Herald* of Friday, says: The warfare inaugurated months ago between the two packet Companies has benefited the merchants of this city, not only in cheap transportations for themselves, but in attracting trade from points foreign to this market. Yesterday, an upriver merchant visited town and purchased five hundred dollars' worth of goods, chiefly fruit and fancy groceries, equally as liberal as Milwaukee or Chicago offers, and as river tariffs are cheaper than rail tariffs, he is enabled to lay the goods at his door and sell at a fair margin, lower than his neighbor, who receives his goods by the old monopoly lines of railroad transportation.

Rivers and Weather.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 27.—River falling, with 3 feet 4 inches water in the canal by mark. Weather cloudy and warm.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG AND NEW ORLEANS.—The new and substantial steamer,
ARKANSAS.....A. H. SHAW, Master,
Will leave for above and intermediate ports on
SATURDAY, November 7th.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JAMES COLLINS, Agents.
oc27

THROUGH PACKET—for MEMPHIS, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON and TRINITY RIVER. The fine passenger packet
IDA REES.....THOS. STUBBLEFIELD, Master.
Will leave for the above points on the first water. For freight or passage apply on board or to
oc28 GHRIEST & HASKETT, Agents.

P. Z. & D.—CHURCH GLASS.

MEDICAL.

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work: "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the causes and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md. jy11:t1

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. my5:D&WT

ADVICE to YOUNG MEN ABOUT TO MARRY.

Essays for Young Men,

On the Errors, Abuses and Diseases Incident to Youth and Early Manhood, with the humane view of treatment and cure, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box Philadelphia, Pa. se22:x90-d&T

"Westward the Star of Empire Takes Its Way."

SECURE A HOME IN THE GOLDEN STATE.

THE IMMIGRANT

HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION

OF CALIFORNIA.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of providing

HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS,

And promoting Immigration.

Capital Stock. - - - $1,000,000

Divided into 200,000 SHARES at $5 each, payable in U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

NO PERSON ALLOWED TO HOLD MORE THAN FIVE SHARES.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Shareholders will be sent to any address upon receipt of stamps to cover return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to parties proposing to immigrate, will be cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

All letters should be addressed

SECRETARY IMMIGRANT HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION, Postoffice Box No. 86, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. au26:v32

ENAMELED GLASS.—P. Z. & D.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL BEDDING AND CLOTHING.
ASSISTANT MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 28, 1868.

Will be sold at Public Auction, in this city at the Judiciary Square Warehouse, E street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following articles of HOSPITAL BEDDING and CLOTHING, no longer required for the use of the Medical Department of the army, viz:

10,000 Gray Blankets;
10,000 Bed Sacks;
20,000 Pillow Ticks;
30,000 Pairs Woolen Socks;
15,000 Gowns;
15,000 Slippers.

The above articles will be sold in lots, to suit both large and small purchasers.

Terms Cash, in Government Funds.

Five (5) days will be allowed to parties purchasing to remove their property.

If goods are not all sold on the day advertised, the sale will be continued daily.

CHARLES SUTHERLAND,
oc26:2t2 Ass't Med. Purveyor, Bt. Col. U. S. A.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

French Burr Smut Machines,

THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

Portable Flour and Feed Mills,

BOLTING CLOTHS.

All numbers and best quality. For sale at

319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. W. WALLACE.
au25

FOR SALE,

FINE SEED WHEAT,

AT 349 LIBERTY ST.

au29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap8:n90:d&T PITTSBURGH, PA.

POT ASH—10 casks No. 1 Potash in store and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD & SON,
141 First Avenue.

SODA ASH—100 tons best brands in store and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

OFFICE GLASS.—P. Z. & D.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se 16:y16

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RECEIVE AND SELL

All Kinds of Country Produce.

All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily. au31:t78

WATT, LANG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,

Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:t58

J. B. CANFIELD.....A. T. CANFIELD.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

349 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Consignments solicited.

REFERENCES—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., R. T. Kennedy & Bro. ja9:124

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. EICHART.

KEIL & RICHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

my24:b87

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANDER.

McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 18 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:n8

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. Ja17:n97

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:n88

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

**SAMUEL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				—and one to Agent.	

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL.

President—ULYSSES S. GRANT.
Vice President—SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

G. Morrison Coates,	Winthrop W. Ketchum,
Thomas M. Marshall,	Samuel Knorr,
William H. Barnes,	Benj. F. Wagenseller,
William J. Pollock,	Charles B. Mullen,
Richard Willey,	George W. Elder,
George W. Hill,	John Stewart,
Watson P. Magill,	Jacob Grafius,
John H. Bringhurst,	James Sill,
Frank C. Hooton,	Henry C. Johnson,
Isaac Eckert,	John K. Ewing,
Maris Hoopes,	William Frew,
David M. Bank,	Alex. W. Crawford,
William Davis,	James S. Rutan.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."—*Grant.*
"LET US HAVE WAR."—*Blair.*

"It is as essential to have a political victory this Fall as it was to have an Appomattox in 1865, and every man who loves his country should vote for Grant.

"PHILIP H. SHERIDAN,
Major General, U. S. A."

"SEYMOUR AND BLAIR WILL GIVE US ALL THE CONFEDERACY FOUGHT FOR."—*Ex-Rebel Gov. Vance's speech at the Democratic Ratification Meeting in Richmond.*

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry—"Through;" Manufactures, Ephemeris, &c. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial and River Matters. Seventh page: Letters from St. Louis and New York; Amusements, &c.*

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 134½@134¼.

MR. E. M. STANTON, late Secretary of War, is in town, and will remain for a few days, enjoying the society of his old friends and neighbors. He is not in good health, and seeks relaxation and repose.

THE *Post* is displeased because we do not see proper to fill several columns every morning with Mr. SEYMOUR'S speeches. We do not expect to so conduct our business as to give satisfaction in that quarter.

THE New York *Times*, at this eleventh hour, calls on Mr. W. H. SEWARD to declare whether he is for GRANT or SEYMOUR. It is of not the slightest consequence which candidate Mr. SEWARD supports, if either.

MR. SEYMOUR is not particular in dealing with facts, and for the plain reason that facts are commonly against him. Mr. SPINNER flatly contradicts the statements he made in his Chicago speech respecting the distribution of currency.

THE Savannah (Ga.) *Republican* calls upon SEYMOUR and BLAIR "to get out of the way, in favor of men who represent the views of their friends." Have patience till after next Tuesday, and they will both be effectually disposed of.

WEST VIRGINIA is better for the Republicans than was at first reported. Mr. STEVENSON'S majority for Governor is five instead of three thousand. The Democrats evidently expected to colonize the southwestern counties with enough rebels from Kentucky and old Virginia to carry them through. Hence, their crowing after their game seemed to be up. Are the *Post's* roosters now for sale?

WEST VIRGINIA has given an average majority of about 4,000 for the Union State ticket, and elected all three Congressmen Republicans. The new Legislature stands 17 Republicans to 2 Democrats in the Senate, and 43 Republicans to 13 Democrats in the House of Delegates. Yet the Pittsburgh *Post* persists in keeping exposed to public view its bulletin of last Friday, claiming that the Democracy carried the State. Our neighbors seem reckless of the two-fold result:, 1st, that foolish Democrats continue to bet and lose their money, and 2d, that the last trace of confidence in their organ is rapidly fading from the minds of its former friends. We can stand this, if they can.

MR. SEYMOUR'S friends will do well to apprise him that the people of Allegheny county are very practical in their ideas; that they have no regard for mere reputation unless supported by solid merit; that they do not accept a great name in place of the more solid authority of the truth; that no politician has ever successfully babbled them into a wrong position by any amount of polished oratory, empty invective, or artful misrepresentation. Let Mr. SEYMOUR deal in facts; let him state these fully, for the suppression of a part of the truth is the suggestion of a falsehood, and, whatever his topics, this evening, these hints are at his service, and for his advantage in avoiding "a sea of troubles."

THE CASE FOR THE PROSECUTION.

HORATIO SEYMOUR, stand up! You were made a candidate under your own protest; you remain a candidate against the indignant protest of so much of your party as comprehends a leading share of its brains, its shrewdness and its patriotism. You are aware that you were the Hobson's choice, which was limited between yourself and a negro-suffrage candidate. You were the last distasteful choice of the clamor for a white man's government, wherefore no one wonders that you hate reconstruction.

You had not in that Convention at New York one solitary friend, beyond Copperheads like VALLANDIGHAM, with whose martyrdom you so feelingly sympathized, and the bond-holding clique which the New York *World* is the organ of; the masses of *your* "friends" were outside the walls of Tammany that day, as they were in '63. Look, Sir, at the true friendship, the sincere, hearty enthusiasm which marked the manly and persistent devotion of their adherents to such men as PENDLETON and HENDRICKS; contrast that earnest and glowing sincerity of zeal with the shivering reluctance exhibited by a large majority of the delegates when *your* name was mentioned; recall the secret history of that week's intrigues, as it is well known to you; deny, if you can, what your own heart told you then—as the protests of thousands of honest Democrats have reiterated to you, privately and publicly, within the past two weeks—that you were not the man, either for the party or for the emergency, and that your nomination, made by an accident, is realized to be a blunder. Don't flatter yourself that your party love you or even respect you. No sir, they hold you too cheap for that. When, after the twenty-two ballotings of nearly three trying days, they were at last snared by your engineers, they were not slow to be avenged for the treachery, for they took you, "the distinguished, eloquent statesman, financier, patriot, HORATIO SEYMOUR" and deliberately dishonored your personal manhood by binding you hand and foot to a platform well known to be the most distasteful to your judgment and inconsistent with your public declarations. You are a bond-holder in all your sympathies; they put you on a repudiating platform. You loved peace so well that you once sided with the public enemy in the dark era of rebellion; they put you, peace Democracy and all, on a platform of rebellion and anarchy, and required you to defend opinions and declarations which are already consuming all the foundations of a lawful peace and reddening a harvest of murder in twelve of these States. The Democratic party are making you eat a vast deal of dirt, sir. Don't flatter yourself that they respect or honor you, when they have done deliberately this indignity to all your recorded opinions. No, sir, they knew their man too well for that. They knew, as the result proves, that you could and would recant if need be all your past utterances upon grave questions of finance, and they knew that the apologist for the rioters of New York would not stick at extenuating the reign of terror over half the Republic.

You know, GOV. SEYMOUR, that you are already a doomed man. You know that the Presidency was the real question upon which the people of Maine, of Vermont, of Pennsylvania, of Ohio, of Indiana, of West Virginia, of Nebraska, and of three Territories, have already condemned and rejected you, sir. They don't want you as their candidate. You know, sir, that since your name has been presented to your fellow-citizens, not an election has been held in all this Republic where that name has been approved, except in the one State of Kentucky. Are you content with that?

You know that the brains, the judgment, the whole worthier part of the Democracy, regard you with disgust, as a burthen too great and too odious to carry with success. You know that a sense of true manhood would prompt, perhaps has prompted, you to withdraw from your unwelcome place. Why do you "stick"?

Do you *not* know that, *in seven short days more*, you will be the most completely extinguished politician on this continent, and in human probability, the most bitterly execrated by your "friends," and the least kindly pitied by all your countrymen?

You know, sir, that you are now engaged in an attempt—so bald and palpable a sham that the whole world derides you—to blind your countrymen to the true issues of this canvass, as set forth in that platform, which is to you the breath of life, as it was conceived and matured in the mad, reckless ambition of your associate, Gen. BLAIR. You know that this treachery to the Convention, to the platform, and to that associate, is looked upon by all honest and intelligent Democrats as simply contemptible.

You know that you do not expect to be chosen by honest votes; that your election depends upon the votes of rebels; upon the success of the most gigantic, universal and infernal schemes for the corruption of a pure suffrage; that in every northern State *your* friends are exposed as the guilty engineers of the most audacious assaults upon all the laws extant in that regard; that within the two oceans cannot be named the Court or Judge, Republican in politics, who to-day stands charged with any of those shameful corruptions and abuses which burthen the columns of the daily press with their broad array against *your* Democratic friends.

You were the apologist for a past treason; you are the official exponent of another threatened. You incited riot and murder in New York five years since, and you to-day invite revolution and all the dread woes of civil war throughout your country.

And you may know that, talk what platitudes you may this day, your countrymen have *already* judged you, and you shall not escape their verdict.

THE Erie *Dispatch*, than which there is not a more vigorous and reliable Republican daily newspaper in the State, has changed from the quarto form back to the folio.

THEIR LAST CARD—TRUMP IT!

The Election Boards in all quarters of the country should be especially vigilant, and should exhaust all legal precautions in cases where naturalized citizens offer their votes based on ☞ papers, dated in September or October, 1868, and purporting to be issued from the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; from any of the Courts of the City of New York, and particularly the Courts of Judges BARNARD, CARDOZO and MCCUNN; and from the Probate Courts of Sandusky, Ottawa, Richland, Franklin and Logan counties, in Ohio. ☜ In all these Courts, the most scandalous frauds or violations of the law are positively known to have occurred. Papers by the thousand have either been "granted" by the bailiffs, tip-staves, sweepers or coal-heavers, or sold by the Clerks at so much per dozen, per hundred or per ream; made out in blank and delivered by the hundred to Democratic partizans, who afterwards found men to fit them; or the seals have been "unfortunately" stolen and affixed to forged papers, or seal and all have been counterfeited, or the Court officials, from the Judge down, have all engaged in the scoundrelly business of manufacturing bogus voters by the regiment. In all the Courts above specified, one or another, or all, of these Democratic expedients to "overthrow Radical misrule," have been systematically practiced, and now stand exposed. We regret to be unable to announce that any other discoveries have been made as yet, of what undoubtedly will finally be known to have been the main electioneering card of the SEYMOUR and BLAIR Democracy in this canvass.

But so much of this rascally programme as now stands patent to the public eye, our election officers can be on their guard against. In all cases, therefore, where votes are offered on papers of those dates and from those Courts, respectively specified above, the Boards cannot do their entire legal duty unless they require reasonably satisfactory proof, first, in identifying the claimant as the man actually named in the paper, and, second, as to the genuineness of the papers themselves, that they have been granted by a Court of competent jurisdiction, and are not, in whole or part, forgeries or otherwise fraudulent. The safer way will be to reject all papers from the Courts and of the dates above mentioned, until satisfactory proof shall be made to sustain them.

This is a matter worthy of the closest attention throughout the country. These false "papers" are the last and intended to be the strongest card of the Democracy. Let it be trumped promptly and sternly.

THE SOUTHERN CROPS.

FOR THE YEAR ending August 31, 1868, the total export of wheat and flour was equivalent to about 23,000,000 bushels; while, this year, the exportable surplus is estimated at 40,000,000 bushels. The exportable surplus of corn must be equally large. But there does not seem to be any extraordinary demand for breadstuffs in Europe. In Great Britain the wheat crop is superior both in quality and quantity, but the abundance is supposed to be neutralized by the comparative failure of other crops, but not more than neutralized. These are the main reasons which occasion the present uncertainty as to the prices of wheat and flour, and the anxiety on the part of holders to sell. It seems problematical whether existing rates can be maintained.

The cotton crop of the Southern States, the current year, is estimated by persons most competent to form a reliable judgment, at 2,498,895 bales, which is an increase of nearly half a million bales over the crop of the year before. This is fully up in amount to any crop prior to 1852, and has been surpassed in only nine years. But prices rule higher than before the Rebellion; so that the amount which the new crop will bring will not fall greatly below the average of the best years in past times. This shows how rapidly the South is recovering from the disasters and bankruptcy entailed upon it by the war. Five years more will place that section in a condition of great prosperity, provided only the Reconstruction of the Union shall be accomplished on such conditions as shall not only ensure repose, but as shall scrupulously guard the just rights of all classes of the population.

Nor is it alone in the production of cotton that the recuperative energy of the Southern people is disclosed. The rice crop of South Carolina is estimated at 38,100 tierces; of Georgia, at 10,000; of Louisiana, at 25,000; and of North Carolina, at 7,000; making an aggregate of 80,100 tierces.

While these two staples are thus assuming somewhat of their old proportions and value, grain and hay have been grown in quantities altogether unprecedented; so that, on the whole, the agricultural productions of the Southern States have already approached in value more closely to what they were immediately preceding the war, than is commonly supposed.

"From first to last—from the so-called anti-slavery amendment of the Constitution to the flood of trash for all purposes military, civil, financial and commercial—*all the construction laws of the whole peace period fall to pieces* IF THE DEMOCRACY SUCCEED IN ELECTING MR. SEYMOUR AS THEIR STANDARD-BEARER. We can take part in such a conflict. We believe from the depths of our understanding that these Congressional misdoings are all one like the other, perfectly void."—*The West and South.*

If "an honest confession is good for the soul," as many theologians aver, then the soul of the *West and South* must be getting into a hopeful condition. It honestly acknowledges what most of the supporters of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, at least throughout the northern portion of the Union, are most anxious to conceal for the present.

Reactionists, as a rule, have not been found ready, at the outset of their proceedings, to avow all they intend to accomplish. Ordinarily they find it safer to deal in sweeping condemnations of their opponents as extravagant, if not incendiary innovators, and to put forth specious but vain pretenses in their own behalf, until they can so far win popular confidence as to get the reins of government entrusted to their hands, when they speak out precisely what they mean, ordaining the restoration of all that has been displaced to the profit of mankind. The *South and West* allows frankness to get the better of its discretion, and it lets out what a restoration of our Democratic Bourbons would practically be found to mean. Fortunately, the Republicans understand as well without this confession as with it, what the intentions of the Democrats really are.

President Johnson on the Finances—$2,138,000,000, Almost Half the National Liabilities Have Been Paid Within Seven Years.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

In his letter to General Ewing, Mr. Johnson says the liabilities of the Government from the 1st of July, 1861, to the 1st of July ,1865 were - - - - - - $3,300,000,000
And for the three succeding years they were $520,000,000, $346,000,000 and $393,000,000. In all to July 1st, 1868..... $1,259,000,000

Total for the seven years. $4,559,000,000

The aggregate debt on the 1st day of July, 1868 was $2,511,000,000. This included the $64,000,000 which Mr. Johnson says was the amount of "our debt in 1860, just prior to the outbreak of the rebellion," and also the $26,000,000 we have advanced to the Pacific Railroad Companies to be returned hereafter, making together $90,000,000, which subtracted from the whole debt of $2,511,000,000 leaves $2,421,000,000 as our actual liabilities for the seven years remaining unpaid. Deducting this sum from the whole liabilities as given above, we have $2,138,000,000, the amount we have paid from the 1st day of July, 1861, to the 1st day of July, 1868. That is, with all our difficulties and disadvantages the Northern States have paid 47 per cent., or nearly one-half the entire liabilities of our Government incurred during these seven years.

We ought to thank Mr. Johnson for allowing us a glance at our resources by showing us what we have already done.

R.

How Democratic Votes are Made.

A New York letter says: The courts of this city have been running night and day for weeks to naturalize foreign-born persons and enable them to vote at the ensuing election. Many thousands of new voters have been created this fall. The vote of New York it is now estimated will be 160,000, or 47,000 greater than ever before polled. Robert Murray, United States Marshal, was satisfied that in addition to the legitimate naturalization now in progress, many forged certificates of naturalization were being issued. After long and assiduous endeavor through his agents, he discovered that one Benjamin R. Rosenburg, claiming to be chairman of the Tammany Naturalization Committee, was procuring blank papers from the Supreme Court, stamped with the official seal, and signed Charles E. Leow, county clerk. By employing some shrewd agents, he obtained indubitable evidence of fraud. To effect this, he drew up a great many fictitious names of men who never existed at residences which had no substantial foundation. For these imaginary aliens his agents were enabled to obtain, at two dollars each, a large number of certificates of naturalization, duly attested as above described, from Mr. Rosenberg, the Tammany Chairman. The mode of doing this was in this wise: The agent called upon Mr. R. with a promiscuous list of twenty or thirty names, some of which were complete, and some without initials and residences. For each of the names that was complete, Mr. R., it is alleged, was in the habit of sending a runner over to the Supreme Court at once, enjoining upon the applicant to complete the list as soon as possible, when the others should be procured. The runner entering by a private door to the Supreme Court chamber, would come out in a few minutes with the documents stamped and signed for the invisible voters, and as soon after they were transferred to the marshal's agents on payment of cash. This thing was followed up until the marshal had got half a ream or so of these papers. Rosenberg showed one of Murray's agents his book, on which five thousand names of persons naturalized through his office were inscribed, and stated that he had sold seven thousand of such papers to applicants this fall. Furthermore, he offered to deliver any number of such documents for cash to any one who could be trusted that wanted them. Marshal Murray yesterday arrested Mr. Rosenberg in the name of the United States.

The New Rebellion.

A Washington dispatch says: Judge Hoge, of South Carolina, arrived here to-day with a report of Gov. Scott upon rebel outrages committed in that State. In company with a number of representatives from North Carolina he waited upon the Secretary of War to lay before him the condition of things under the new rebellion which now reigns in those States, to ascertain what assistance the General Government can give toward the preservation of peace. Not half the horrors suffered by loyalists in South Carolina have ever been told. In western South Carolina the assassinations average from fifteen to twenty daily. No arrests are ever made or even attempted for any of the multitude of murders. As they must be made by the sheriffs the civil authorities are unable and generally unwilling to do anything towards bringing the assassins to justice. The gentleman had a satisfactory interview with Gen. Schofield to-day, and received assurances that Governor Scott would have all the aid which it was possible for him to render. He intimated that Union men at the South would have to endure these things only a little longer.

Blair Pearls.

We have a string of four pearls—all of them from the lips of Frank Blair. We publish them for the satisfaction of his Democratic supporters. Save 'em up in your Democratic scrap-books, and read them over the morning of the election:

The Democratic party is the most miserable and corrupt party that ever existed.—*F. P. Blair, in* 1862.

I would rather sleep with a nigger than a Democrat.—*F. P. Blair, in* 1863.

May you lift the British out of his boots, and wrest from his lion grasp the emerald gem of the sea; but whether or not you shall succeed in this endeavor, may you each and all remain in Ireland or elsewhere, and never again set foot on these shores! You are wanted there, and we can get along without you!—*Frank Blair addressing the Fenians of St. Louis in* 1866.

By G——! Grant knows more than Sherman and all the balance of them banged into one!—*F. P. Blair, at Leavenworth, in August*, 1866.

THE following singular paragraph is from the Albany *Argus*, the central organ of the New York Democracy: "Gov. Seymour cannot cut loose from Gen. Blair. He cannot arbitrarily relinquish a candidacy he did not seek, and which was forced upon him as a duty. And who would take the vacated post? Who would covet the dubious honor? * * * The game of corruption and fraud cannot twice be played. The money raised to stimulate, then, and to bribe voters has been spent."

The Democratic Schism.

There is a report that Pendleton and Voorhees were in consultation with Blair, out West, last night, and that he had nearly concluded to send a letter of resignation to the Executive Committee. Adams is talked of to fill his place, as his recent speeches at the South are found to please the Southern Democrats and meet the approval of many Republicans.

Gen. M'Clellan has been invited to write a letter to restore confidence among the Democrats, but up to this time he has not responded.

Chase's name is hardly mentioned at present, as there is no movement in favor of Seymour's withdrawal. Seymour is understood to be entirely ready to retire at any moment his friends think best, but none of them advise his doing so.

Some time ago, just after the Maine election, Barbour and others applied to Seymour to know whether, in the event of a Democratic defeat in the October elections, he would be willing to withdraw from the canvass in favor of Judge Chase or Andrew Johnson. They represented that they were delegated by the National Committee to make such application. Seymour's written reply was that he avoided the nomination; that he only accepted it at the earnest entreaty of the Convention; that neither contest nor office had any charms, and that he left himself in the hands of his friends. Arrived with this document, Barbour & Co., opened negotiations with Coyle in Washington, and Washington M'Lean in the West, and offered to pledge the nomination of Pendleton in 1872, in the event of the Western Democracy agreeing to a change of front. Coyle readily assented to the proposition. The Pendleton men held back till Monday or Tuesday of last week, when they telegraphed to Barbour & Co., through Wash. M'Lean, that they were ready for the movement. But a difficulty had sprung up in the mean time. Frank Blair was the obstruction in the way of treason. He refused to withdraw, declared his belief that his sentiments were the real sentiments of the Democracy all over the country, and stated that he did not recognize the right of committees or candidates to change the action of the Convention. Here was a dilemma. But the *World* undertook to drive Blair from the field if he would not retire willingly, and so conspirators opened fire simultaneously at Washington, New York and the West, by a declaration that the present Democratic ticket was hopelessly defeated, and nothing could save the party but a change of front. —*Wash. Letter.*

They Don't See it.

Democratic candidates, from Seymour to Vallandigham, have a profound understanding of the art of declining—before the nomination. They don't understand the first motion in such a process of being nominated. It is within the bounds of possibility that by a combined, concentrated attack of all arms, horse, foot, and dragoons, the warrior of the ticket might be made to retreat. But as for the civilian, the *World* may as well dismiss its crazy hopes. No miser ever clutched his gold more closely, no old maid ever clung to the hope of yet achieving matrimony more fondly, than Horatio Seymour clings to the nomination it cost him so much to win. All things are possible with the Democracy, since the party of Andrew Jackson has become the party of treason; the party of Thomas Jefferson the party of slavery; the party of Dix the party of Seymour. The head of the ticket *might* then be forced off after all; but it could only happen, it would seem, after some such convulsion of hearts, and throats, and tears as put him on.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Cures Diseases of the Kidneys.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Cure Diseases of the Bladder.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Cure Diseases of the Urinary Organs.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Cure Gravel.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Are the Original Diuretic of the Age.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Never Fail to Cure.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Are indorsed by all who have tried them.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Are daily increasing in Popularity.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Are Sugar-Coated and Easy to Take.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS
Are sold by Druggists generally.

FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

COUNSEL FOR THE CARELESS.

The body is a machine, and carelessness in its management is as sure to lead to evil results as carelessness in the management of a steam engine. Yet the last thing that most people think of is the protection of this delicate piece of the Creator's handiwork from the subtle causes of disease by which it is surrounded. It is no easy thing to repair the system when in ruins; but there is no difficulty in fortifying it against many of the dangers to which it is exposed. Guard against nervous debility. At the first symptom of this fore-runner of more serious ailments, sustain the flagging energies of nature with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Take it regularly and persistently, until bodily vigor is thoroughly restored. It creates an appetite, promotes—or, it might as properly be said compels—the complete digestion of the food, regulates the secretive action of the liver, tones and invigorates the bowels, improves the condition of the blood, and gives firmness to the nerves. Upon a system thus strengthened and regulated in all its important functions, the fogs and exhalations of autumn, pregnant with the elements of intermittent fever can make little or no impression. Whoever supposes that fever and ague is an unavoidable evil in certain districts, at this season of the year, is egregiously mistaken. As effectually as a draught of cold air is shut out by the closing of a door, this complaint, and all disorders of a miasmatic type, may be prevented by the use of the BITTERS. When sickness can be avoided by a means so safe and simple, is it not the merest fatuity to neglect the proffered antidote? Regarded either as a preventive or a cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, intermittent fever, nervous disorders, general debility, or constipation of the bowels, this pure vegetable preparation stands alone.

DISEASED LUNGS.

There is no doubt whatever that diseases of the lungs, or ulcers of whatever sort, on any of the internal organs may be and are frequently cured, and a complete condition of health established. If the elaborative functions, of which the stomach is the primary and most important one, are restored to a condition to do the repairing of the human system, ulcers or sores, whether upon the lungs, the liver, the kidneys or the bowels, or upon the legs, as is frequently the case, can be made to heal, and a complete standard of health re-established.

We have frequently seen these results from the use of Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, a pleasant and agreeable medicine, which will ripen up and carry out the animal economy all effete and used up material. Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is enriched by some of the most valuable plants and herbs known to be useful and curative in all deteriorated states of the human blood, and whilst it adds to its plasma, it at the same time stimulates, gently but effectively, the skin, the kidneys, the liver and the glandular system to sufficient action to enable the body to take on healthful action and eradicate the disease. The sick and afflicted should bear in mind the virtues of this great medicine, and if those who are sufficiently alive to the importance of health, will resort to it in the beginning of a cough or cold, there would be no falling into declines and rapid consumption, so hopelessly incurable, and so most surely fatal. Let any one afflicted with any pulmonary disease try but one bottle, and they will be convinced of the value of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure. Sold by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at Dr. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 110 Wood St.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 140 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

September 23, 1868.

"ONLY one murder at a time is committed in one place, and therefore we cannot interfere." This is the substance of the reply by the Administration to the applications yesterday for aid in North and South Carolina, made by officials and other representative men of those States, who furnished the ghastly lists of murders for political causes. From the south-west the reports are even more horrible. A single dispatch from New Orleans tells us of the murder, in his own bed, of the Sheriff of Iberville, the assassination of the Justice of the Peace in Caddo Parish, and the muder of Judge Chase and the Sheriff of Franklin almost in the very presence of a band of "Seymour Knights." An Alabama letter gives the documentary evidence concerning the murder of a President of a League. And from Texas we have reports of the reorganization of rebel regiments. "We must have a President who will execute the will of the people by trampling into the dust the usurpations of Congress known as the Reconstruction acts." That was the word sent by the Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency. Till that signal for rising was sounded the rebels were comparatively quiet, and reconstruction was in peaceful progress. Now read Governor Seymour's smooth words, attempting to explain Blair away, and see if pretty phrases will hide this dripping blood that steeps his garments—*N. Y. Tribune.*

WHAT right have Wade Hampton, Napoleon *Butcher* Forrest, Pirate Semmes, *et id omne genus*, to concern themselves about the Presidential election at all? If they could have had *their* way, there would be no United States, and no President to elect.—*Press.*

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—GIRL—A young girl, who understands Cooking, for a private family. Apply at GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

WANTED—Bass Singer, in the Choir of a city Church. Address H. Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating name and address.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—By an experienced man a situation as STEEL or IRON INSPECTOR, or ROLLING MILL MANAGER. Has been in the business over 20 years and can give the best of references. Address, G. J., Arsenal Postoffice, Allegheny County, Pa. oct3

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—No. 325 PENN ST.—Pleasant furnished front and back second and third story rooms, for gentlemen and wives and single gentlemen. Terms reasonable. WFM

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—Lady Agents for a new and rapidly selling article. Call on or address W. F. HOOD, 87 Fifth avenue, first room back.

WANTED—Canvassers—Wanted Canvassers for CONNECTICUT MUTUAL BENEFIT COMPANY. Apply at 69 Fifth Avenue, Room No. 2, up stairs.

WANTED—CANVASSERS.—Three or four good Canvassers wanted to sell a new and popular LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE in this city. A good opportunity for active and reliable parties. Address, giving name and reference, P. O. BOX 739.

WANTS.

WANTED—$25,000 to Loan on Bond or Mortgage. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, 139 Fourth Avenue.

TO LET.

TO LET—HOUSE—Seven Rooms, corner Western and Irwin avenues. Inquire on the premises.

TO-LET.—TWO OFFICES; also ONE ROOM with boarding for lady and gentleman. Apply at 157 Fourth avenue.

TO LET—House of five rooms and finished attic, 107 CLARK STREET. Rent $23 per month. Enquire at the House.

TO LET—House—A small House of THREE ROOMS at No. 103 BEDFORD AVENUE, will be let and possession given at once. Enquire at above number.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, within two squares of the Postoffice on SMITHFIELD STREET. Address L. M., GAZETTE office. oct21

TO LET—A furnished Sleeping ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in the house of a private family, No. 220 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny city.

TO LET—ROOM.—A fine large ROOM, third story, *Dispatch* building, can be rented at a liberal rent. The room will be finished off in good style, to suit parties renting it. For terms, &c., enquire of Mrs. J. HERON FOSTER.

TO LET—That beautiful new brick dwelling house, No. 204, Ohio Avenue, near Bagley's Lane, contains 8 rooms, bath room, finished attic, good dry cellar, fitted up with gas, water and other conveniences. Apply at JAMES WARD'S GROCERY, 58 Palo Alto street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Second-Hand Engine and BOILER, A Nine Inch CYLINDER ENGINE; also, a BOILER and FIRE FRONT, will sell together, or separately. Inquire at our refinery in Temperanceville, or office, No. 5 Dalzell's Building, corner Irwin and Duquesne Way. BROOKS, BALLANTINE & CO.

FOR SALE.—$22 per Acre Will purchase a desirable FARM of 158 acres, situated in Monroe county, Ohio, two miles from the town of Brownsville, and seven miles from the Ohio River; 130 acres cleared, balance in good timber; all well watered by numerous springs; improvements are a good log house of nine rooms, frame barn 30 by 60. Will be sold on easy terms; say half cash, balance in five years. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—$1,500—An interest that will pay from $4,000 to $5,000 in a good business. An active man preferred. Reference required. Address P. L. GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET—ROOMS, with Boarding.—Several furnished or unfurnished Rooms, with first class boarding, at No. 256 PENN STREET.

FOR SALE—Country Property—Three lots, containing from TWO TO THREE ACRES each, within 10 minutes walk of Edgewater Station, A. V. R. R. Inquire on the premises of ISAAC M'KELVY. oct2:2nw

FOR SALE—12 Shares Stock of EXCHANGE BANK. Enquire of STONER & HAINES, No. 73 Grant street.

FOR SALE—A Melodeon and STOOL, that have been very little used, and which cost a few months ago $108. They will be sold very cheap. Address C. E. G. GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE—A new House with seven rooms, water and gas, and range in kitchen, at the corner of PRIOR and FORBES STREET. Enquire of W. WILTON, in the House.

FOR SALE—LAND.—One Hundred and Twenty Acres of the best land for gardening or country residences, situated on the Washington Pike, 13 miles south of Temperanceville. Will be sold in lots of any size, to suit purchasers. Enquire at 650 Liberty street, or F. C. NEGLEY, on the premises.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

LOST.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A Dark BAY HORSE, about fifteen hands high, with a small white stripe on his nose, one white foot, and a mark on the harness saddle on his back. Twenty-five Dollars Reward will be paid for any information by which he can be recovered. oc9:3t2-d&F R. H. FIFE, Sheriff's Office.

$50 REWARD.—LOST.—ON SATURDAY EVENING,

A SOLITAIRE DIAMOND PIN.

The finder will receive the above reward by returning it to No. 129 WYLIE street, corner of Washington. oc26:2td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.**, in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address, **J. H. JOHNSTON**, 179 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

☞**JOHN N. PURVIANCE,**

Register in Bankruptcy for 23d District.

Office, 116 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

☞ Office hours—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

TO LET—

A GOOD LARGE PARLOR

is offered for rent, with gas and situated within three minutes walk from the Postoffice. Address Lock Box 317. oc28:z59

FOR SALE—I will sell my CARPENTER SHOP with

LEASE OF EIGHT YEARS,

on ground situated at No. 20 ROBINSON STREET, ALLEGHENY. The location is a good one for work. Also 100 DOZEN SASH and 100 DOORS ready for use, made well and of seasoned lumber. For particulars enquire at 34 ROBINSON STREET, Allegheny city. oc28:z57

1869. DIARIES. 1869.

DIARIES

OF THE USUAL VARIETIES,

Just received and for sale by

W. S. HAVEN & CO.,

Corner Wood Street and Third Avenue.

oc28:z50

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Allegheny county, No. 377, March Term, A. D. 1867. HILLARY HEMLER vs. ANN JANE HEMLER. Libel in Divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii.*

To ANN JANE HEMLER, the above named respondent:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of the above named Court, to be held at Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1868, then and there to answer the complaints of Hillary Hemler, the above named libelant, and show cause, if any you have, why his petition for a divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii* should not be granted as therein prayed for.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 27, 1867. } {oc29:z60w

PAPER. PAPER.

Printing, Straw,
Rag, Glass,
Carpet,

ROOFING, HARDWARE AND MANILLAS,

Manufactured and sold by

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,

82 THIRD AVENUE.

☞ CASH PAID FOR ROPE, RAGS AND OLD PAPERS. oc28-z56

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

WHEREAS, On the 12th inst., and several succeeding days, Mr. Wm. F. Hood did publish in Pittsburgh papers a notice purporting to announce the dissolution of the co-partnership between himself and the subscriber, by my withdrawal; and whereas, said notice was published without my knowledge;

Now, therefore, it is due myself, Mr. Hood and the public that I signify, as I do hereby, my acquiescence in such dissolution.

Having received a very liberal offer from an eastern house, I am going East temporarily, with the confident expectation of returning very soon with means to cancel every claim against me, and hereby pledge myself not only to pay all I owe, but to show my appreciation of the generous leniency of my creditors by paying more than bank value of money for every month the claims have been or may be overdue. With heartfelt and never-forgotten gratitude to all who have shown me kindness, I am, ever truly and earnestly,

Theirs, &c., J. H. MORRIS.

N. B.—Bills and claims against me, individually, may be sent to Thomas C. Lazear, Esq., of the firm of Hopkins & Lazear, to whom I shall remit all I can previous to my return. J. H. M.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 22d, 1868. oc28:z58

SALE OF PEWS.—THE MEMBERS of the

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATION,

And others desirous of securing seats in the new Church edifice, on SIXTH AVENUE, are hereby notified that the

SALE FOR CHOICE PEWS,

Will take place in the AUDIENCE ROOM of the Church edifice, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2d,

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Board of Trustees.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

oc28:z48 AUCTIONEER.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pa.

J. C. DONALDSON vs. ALEX. CHAMBERS, et. al.

No. 819 March Term 1868. No. 133 in Partition. Writ of Partition.

To JOHN C. DONALDSON, ALEX. CHAMBERS, J. C. BRYSON and NANCY, his wife, (with right of the said NANCY,) ELIZABETH ANN CHAMBERS, MATTHEW CHAMBERS and SUSAN CHAMBERS:

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held, in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition, on the premises, situate in the Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, being Lot No. 24 in James Aiken's part of the plan of the Northern Liberties, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, on THURSDAY, December 3, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., to make partition of the premises described within the above mentioned writ. In such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Oct. 27, 1868. oc28:z61w

PIG LEAD.—

50 TONS GRAVILLE

Soft Pig Lead.

Suitable for GLASS and WHITE LEAD purposes.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY

BAILEY, FARREL & CO.,

No. 167 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh,

oc28:w8

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, 304 LIBERTY STREET.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

WEATHER STRIPS—Rochucks Patent Wood and Rubber Weather strips. Warranted to exclude snow, wind, cold, &c. Now is the time to have the strips put on your door, and windows. For sale wholesale or retail and applied by J. & H. PHILLIPS,

oc27 26 and 28 Sixth street, formerly St. Clair.

LARD OIL.—10 barrels No. 1 to arrive and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

oc20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

REOPENING OF THE BEE HIVE

MERCHANT TAILORING

AND

CLOTHING STORE.

Having rebuilt and refurnished our Store, at the Old Stand, No. 225 LIBERTY STREET, we this day re-open with a

SPLENDID AND CHEAP STOCK,

Of all kinds of goods suitable for this Season, to which we invite the special attention of our friends and the public in general, as we are prepared to MAKE TO ORDER IN THE LATEST STYLE AND AT REASONABLE PRICES. Give us a call and see a handsome Store Room and a handsome Stock of Goods.

J. BOOBYER, JR.,

BEE HIVE, NO. 225 LIBERTY STREET.

oc28

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 13 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

FLORENCE KRAMER late of KRAMER & RAHM, BANKERS. P. REYMER BOHN, late with REYMER BROS.

KRAMER & BOHN,

Manufacturers of

French and American

CONFECTIONERY,

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, &c., Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Catsups, Pickles and Sauces.

We are now receiving new crop CROWN, LAYER and SEEDLESS RAISINS, PRUNES, CURRANTS, FIGS and DATES. Also, English and American Pickles, Fine Jellies, Preserves, and a large line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables of best brands,

KRAMER & BOHN,

NO. 179 LIBERTY STREET, opposite mouth of Market. oc27:z36

M'CORD & CO.

No. 131 Wood Street,

HAVE NOW ON HAND the LARGEST STOCK of

HATS, CAPS,

AND LADIES' FURS,

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

oc9

WM. HUGHES.

LATE 608 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Informs his friends and patrons in Pittsburgh that he is now connected with

EDWARD P. KELLY,

South-east corner of CHESTNUT and SEVENTH STREETS, the PRINCIPAL MERCHANT TAILOR OF PHILADELPHIA, and can now furnish them with clothes SUPERIOR in every respect to those he has heretofore given them, and at MODERATE PRICES. oc23:z35

JUST RECEIVED,

LARGE STOCK OF

FIRE IRONS AND STANDS,

Coal Hods, Tea Trays, Fenders,

And House-Furnishing Hardware,

At WHITESIDES & DRUM'S,

oc12:v7 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

AT EATON'S,

No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

Fancy Jet Goods.
Hamburg Embroideries.
English Grograin Ribbons.
Angola and Saxony Yarns.
Ladies' & Misses' Zephyr Knit Skirts.
Striped Collars and Cuffs.
New Styles Lace Veils & Lace Collars.
Also, full lines of Ladies' Underwear.

oc19:

FALL OPENING,

At No. 47 St. Clair Street.

A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

Boys', Youth's and Children's

CLOTHING,

FOR THE FALL SEASON.

GRAY & LOGAN,

se15 47 ST. CLAIR STREET.

FOR RENT.

HALL.—Large room of No. 58 Market Street, suitable for a Club or Society Room.

BASEMENT—Nos. 77 and 78 Third Avenue, expressly fitted up for a large restaurant,

J. M. GAZZAM,

se16:x57 Attorney-at-Law, 98 Grant St.

$1700 TO LOAN, ON MORTGAGE.

At reasonable rates. Will loan in one sum or small amounts. Enquire of

J. S. FERGUSON,

oc12:y93 No. 87 Fifth Avenue.

NEW LONDON LAYERS—We are now receiving supplies of new London Layer Raisins in whole, half and quarter boxes, prime table fruit; also choice new Valencia and Seedless Raisins, for cooking, for sale by the pound or package at the Family Grocery Store of

JNO. A. RENSHAW,

oc27 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

"MARIANA RITA" BRAND— Cigars made entirely of highest quality "Vuelta Abajo" Havana Leaf; also the celebrated "Era Diavolo" brand in various sizes just received and for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,

oc27 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BOARDING.—FRONT ROOMS, with boarding, in a house just opening, can be had by calling at No. 248 ROBINSON STREET, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE, authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Canal street, from Pike to Etna street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Canal street, from Pike street to Etna street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE for opening

Bedford Avenue from its Eastern Terminus to its intersection with Webster street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be, and is hereby directed to survey and open Bedford avenue from its eastern terminus to its intersection with Webster street, in accordance with the City District Plan, and to appraise damages and assess benefits Thos. Aiken, George R. White and Henry Lloyd are hereby appointed, in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Twenty-Ninth Street, from Penn Street to Liberty.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Twenty-Ninth street, from Penn street to Liberty street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Grade of Reed Street from Fulton to Overhill.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Grade of Reed street from Fulton to Overhill street be changed in accordance with a plan submitted herewith, a duplicate whereof to be recorded in the City Engineer's Office.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Erection of Wooden Building.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That Messrs. Eckert & Caskey be and they are hereby authorized to erect a wooden building on their property on Second avenue, beyond the Birmingham Bridge. This grant not to extend over the 1st day of April, 1873.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading and Paving of Poplar Alley from Elm street to Fulton.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading and Paving of Poplar alley from Elm street to Fulton street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE,

Appointing Viewers to Appraise Damages Claimed by the Grading of Second Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That Karns Braden, James Riack and V. G. Elliot, be, and are hereby appointed to appraise dam ges claimed by James H. Hays by the grading of Second avenue, east of the Birmingham Bridge.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Erection of an Iron Clad Building.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That Alfred H. Jones & Co. be and they are hereby authorized to erect an Iron Clad Building on the corner of Thirty Second street and the A. V. R. R., fifty feet by fifty feet.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of September, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc28

JOINT RESOLUTION

Vacating a Part of Spruce Alley.

Resolved, That Spruce alley, be ween Carroll and Wilkins streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, be and the same is hereby vacated in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act to vacate a portion of Spruce alley, in the Ninth ward of the City of Pittsburgh," approved February 27th, 1867. Provided, that said Wm. Smith pay the City for said alley $5 000.

Adopted in Councils this 26th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
WM. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Councils. oc28:

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE appointing a Viewer on Davidson street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the ordinance enacted July 31st, 1868, in relation to the opening of Davidson street, so far as the appointment of William Sorby as one of the viewers is concerned, is hereby repealed; and that James S. McClure be and is hereby appointed in place of said William Sorby by reason of the removal of said Sorby from the city.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same are hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 26th day of October, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Common Council.
WM. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. o 28:

AN ORDINANCE for

Opening Smallman Street from Thirty-First, formerly Taylor Street, to Thirty-Ninth Street, formerly Pike Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Smallman street, from Thirty-first to Thirty-Ninth street, and to appraise damages and assess benefits. James Chambers, Robert King and James M. Taylor are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of October, A. D., 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS

AT EASTERN PRICES,

NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARBED FLANNELS,

GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.

54. 54.

KITTANNING

THE NATIONAL

EXTRA HEAVY

Barred Flannel,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

Now Offered,

IN GOOD STYLES.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

54

WOOD STREET.

H. RUH, Practical Cook,

Respectfully announces to the public that he will

On Saturday and Monday Next,

Open to the public the

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.

It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market of the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.

Orders for fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.

oc9:y96 H. RUH.

J. R. SWINT. J. M. BRATT. E. A. SWINT.

SWINT, BRATT & CO.,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:y36

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the

SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,

the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 70 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

UNION ENTERPRISE

FOUNDRY,

WM. M. JOHNSON,

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, Arches, Grates, Fenders, Sash Weights, and all kinds of Hollow Ware. Car Wheels and all kind of Machinery Castings, COR. WATSON & SHINGISS STS., PITTSBURGH, PA. au26:v27w&s

YOUNG AMERICA CHEESE—20 cases September make, and very superior, just received and for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,

oc27 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

FOR

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 26th.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

Will open a large and complete stock of new

DRESS GOODS.
SHAWLS AND CLOAKINGS,
BLACK SILKS AND VELVET,

Barred and White Country Flannels,
White Country Blankets.
Best Eastern Blankets,

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S KNIT HOODS,
KNIT SACQUES AND SHAWLS,
LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR,

Trimmings and Embroideries, Lace Collars, Handkerchiefs, and Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

Large additions of new and desirable goods are being made to all the various departments of the house. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

oc27

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

Branch Office: PHILADELPHIA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS.

Jay Cooke, Philada. E. A. Rollins, Wash'n.
C. H. Clark, Philada. Henry D. Cooke, Wash.
F. Ratchford Starr, Phila. Wm. E. Chandler, Wash.
Wm. G. Moorhead, Phila. John D. Defrees, Wash.
Geo. F. Tyler, Phila. Edward Dodge, N. York.
J. Hinckley Clark, Phila. H. C. Fahnestock, N. Y.

OFFICERS.

C. H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
EMERSON W. PEET, Phila., Sec'y and Actuary.
E. S. TURNER, Washington, Ass't Secretary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Medical Director.
J. EWING MEARS, M. D., Ass't Medical Director.

MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD.

J. K. BARNES, Surgeon General U. S. A., Wash'n.
P. J. HORWITZ, Chief Medical Department U. S. N., Washington.
D. W. BLISS, M. D., Washington.

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS.

WM. E. CHANDLER, Washington, D. C.
GEORGE HARDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of the Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY, in the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, *an annual income equal in ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy.* The latter the Company agrees *to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.*

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company in Philadelphia, or its General Agents.

☞ LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts.

GENERAL AGENTS:
E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
For Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C.,
For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.
For further particulars address B. S. RUSSELL, Manager for General Agent, Harrisburg, Pa.

au25:MWF

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, October 20, 1868. }

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 31st inst., inclusive, for BUILDING A NEW BRIDGE OVER TURTLE CREEK, on the Central Road, leading from the Northern Turnpike across said Creek, on the line between Patton and Versailles townships.

Also, for building a NEW BRIDGE OVER CHARTIERS CREEK, on the road leading from the Washington Turnpike to Noblestown, near Wm. Nickson's residence, in Scott township.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

oc7:z24-d&w HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.

For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world. Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

se21:v57-MWF&F

$500 REWARD WILL BE paid for such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the incendiary or incendiaries who fired the building occupied by Mr. JOHN REIL, No. 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY EVENING, October 15th, 1868.

GEO. W. MURPHY, Fire Marshal.

Fire Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Oct. 17, 1868.

oc22:z13

DRAIN PIPE.—HALL & ADAMS' SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF

DRAIN PIPE,

All sizes, from one to twenty-four inches at WELDON & KELLY'S, agents for manufacturers, 137 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

POLITICAL.

☞**GRAND**

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

SHARPSBURG AND ETNA.

PITTSBURGH TO THE RESCUE.

There will be a Grand Torchlight Demonstration by the Republicans of the Boroughs of SHARPSBURG and ETNA on

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1868,

to which all the Grant and Colfax and Tanner Clubs of Pittsburgh have been cordially invited to attend.

The Grant and Colfax and Tanner Clubs of Pittsburgh will form on Liberty, right resting on St. Clair street.

The Colonels of the different regiments will have their commands on the ground at 6:30 as the cars will leave from

FEDERAL STREET STATION

at 7:20, SHARP.

It is hoped there will be a grand turn out of all the Clubs.

Excursion tickets 20 cents,

By order **JOSEPH BROWNE,**

oc28:z62 COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETINGS** will be held at the times and places following, and will be addressed as indicated:

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29th,

At Gerst's Hall, Third Ward, Allegheny, H. P. MUELLER, Esq., (German), R. B. PARKINSON, Esq.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30th,

Sharon, Moon Township, at 7½ P. M., J. M. KIRKPATRICK and C. W. ROBB, Esqs.

Wigwam, Lawrenceville, at 7½ P. M., R. B. CARNAHAN and A. M. BROWN, Esqs.

Braddock's Fields at 7½ P. M., J. F. DRAVO and W. T. HAINES, Esqs.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31st,

Natrona, 7½ P. M., Hon. ROBERT McKNIGHT W. C. MORELAND, Esq.

Clinton at 7½ P. M., Hon. GEORGE WILSON and Gen. WM. BLAKELY.

E. A. MONTOGTH, Chairman.

JNO. S. LAMBIE, Secretary. oc28

☞**GRAND REPUBLICAN**

TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION

AND

ILLUMINATION,

OF THE BOROUGHS OF

SHARPSBURG, ETNA AND VICINITY,

ON THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 29.

The TANNERS of Pittsburgh and Allegheny city are cordially invited to be present and participate.

Programme in to-morrow's papers. By order of Committee, J. C. LEWIS, Chairman.

J. J. SAINT, Secretary. oc23:z39

☞**THE GRANT AND COLFAX** CLUB of UNION TOWNSHIP will meet at the house of J. M. SCHLESSMAN on THURSDAY EVENING, 29th inst., at 6 o'clock. All the Republicans of the township are cordially invited to be present, as important business will be brought before the Club. There will be speakers present to address the meeting.

GEORGE GRAY, President.

JOHN R. REED, PHILLIP STEPHENS, } Secretaries. oc26

NOTICES.

☞**PLANK ROAD ELECTION.**—The Annual Election for Officers of the SAW MILL VALLEY PLANK ROAD will be held at the office of W. & H. Walker, Third Ward, City of Allegheny, on the FIRST MONDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, (2d day,) between 12 M. and 4 P. M. of that day.

oc17:z22 JAS. WATSON, Jr., President.

☞**THE ANNUAL MEETING OF** the Stockholders of the

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY

of Pittsburgh, for election of Directors, will be held on MONDAY, 2d day of November, 1868, at their office 167½ WOOD STREET, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

oc27:z60 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES, }

☞**DIVIDEND NO. THIRTEEN** (13).—The Board of Directors of the PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES having this day declared out of the earnings to October 1st the regular quarterly Dividend at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, I am prepared to pay the Dividend (No. 13) at my office on demand.

ED. JAY ALLEN,
Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, October 20, 1868.

oc21:z24

MARATHON

SILVER MINING COMPANY,

OF NEVADA.

President---WM. M. HENDERSON,

Of the Firm of Brinton & Henderson, Philadelphia Hydraulic Works.

Treasurer, : : : J. H. HORNER.

Office, No. 154 South 4th Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

ROOM No. 5, SECOND FLOOR.

Capital, : : : : : : $500,000.

Shares, $10 each, Preferred.

The Company guarantees 12½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON ITS PREFERRED STOCK.

But a limited number of shares of the Preferred Stock will be sold.

No stock will be issued until the funds for the same are received at the office of the Company.

Remittances should be made in draft or par funds in Philadelphia, and the stock will be sent free of charge.

The Company reserve the right to advance on its preferred stock at any time.

A prospectus has been issued, which can be had by applying to the office.

All communications to be addressed to the President, at the Office of the Company.

WM. M. HENDERSON,

se25:v20 PRESIDENT.

FRESH FISH.—The undersigned has completed his arrangements with efficient Agents for receiving

DAILY SUPPLIES FROM SEA AND LAKE,

Of fresh SALMON, BASS, PICKEREL, PERCH, WHITE FISH, &c., &c., which will be for sale, wholesale and retail, at his stands in the Allegheny Market, and No. 45 Pittsburgh Market.

oc8:y38 BENJ. PULPRESS.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Staves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

ap25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,

PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND CERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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fe14:d48

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STEEL WORKS.

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Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

UCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel, Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel, Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. jy28:d9

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Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Co., of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia) the celebrated

V. H. SPIEGELEISEN

and so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulphur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy percentage of Manganese. The above are also ready to contract for, or sell on arrive,

STEEL RAILS

Manufactured by

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of Dortmund, for which latter firm they also have Sole Agency in the United States.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. au19:u20

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COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

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Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raized Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

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Special orders of Copper, cut to any desired pattern. myl4-c34:dwT

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MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
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General Castings.

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no9:n69

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

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Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

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oc15:128

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Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

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And Castings generally. ap26:y6

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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

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Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no9:b2

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Bar Iron;
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Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
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Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
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Steamboat Cranks;
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ap24:d6

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NOVELTY WORKS.

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Corner of Grant and First Streets,

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Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

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Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

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WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

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And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

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PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

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LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE

800,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
30,000 feet Dry Oak, 1 and 2 inch;
20,000 feet Dry Ash, 2, 2½ and 3 inch;
200,000 feet Hemlock;
1,000,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
100,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
100,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
2,000 Locust Posts, 7, 8 and 12 feet;
300 Cedar Posts.

Also, Fire Brick, Tile and Clay, in large or small quantities.

YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, formerly Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:t75

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SECRETARY—T. A. WRIGHT.
SUPERINTENDENT—EDW. DAVISON.

DIRECTORS:

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LUMBER YARD—Corner of BUTLER and LUMBER STREETS, Ninth Ward.

OFFICE AT FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, Washington Street. ja20:j96

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JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

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my15:z30

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SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghlogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consign[illegible] pectfully solicited.

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Secretary & Treas'r---S. F. VON BONNHORST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on time deposits. Deposits made on or before October 1st will bear interest from that date. Interest computed on 1st November and 1st May. fv31:t76

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

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STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

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AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

KEYSTONE BANK,

No. 293 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

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DIRECTORS.

H. J. Lynch, John Murdoch, c.r., William Espy, Samuel Barckley, Wm. H. Hamilton, Henry Bockstoce, Geo. T. Van Doren.

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TRANSACTED

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

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DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M. ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to he purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London. my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

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CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

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DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

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Stockholders to whom we make reference:

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COLGATE & CO.'S

FRAGRANT

TOILET SOAPS,

Are prepared by skilled workmen, from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. dc27:WF

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, October 24, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessments for Grading, Paving and Curbing WIDE ALLEY from Logan to Fulton street is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until

NOVEMBER 2d,

when it will be returned to the City Treasurers office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

oc22:z26

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Oct. 21, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing THIRD and FOURTH AVENUES (eastern end) are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31st, 1868, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

oc22:z21

500 BUSHELS

PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,

To arrive and for sale by

se18 McBANE & ANJER.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER,

Corner of Wood and Fifth Streets.

GOVERNMENT AND PACIFIC R. R. BONDS,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought on the most favorable terms. Sells LETTERS OF CREDIT and DRAFTS available in any part of Europe.

DEPOSITS received subject to check, or INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ **Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 27, 1868.

Gold was higher to-day than last night, but the market was weak and dull, and closed at 134¾, with a declining tendency after having reached 134¾, and a few large time sales were made at 134¾ by the bull element in order to keep up the market exchange for to-morrow's steamer. The decline to-day would indicate a further depression in the premium, whenever the Government begins to pay out gold for November coupons. The entire decline from 144¾ to 134 was so little opposed by the bull party, that should a reaction set in, they will show their full strength, since they were bears in bonds and stocks, and are consequently not much weakened by the decline in stocks.

Government bonds have suffered another decline to-day, and now 1865 Five Twenties sold down to 109¾. So long as money remains sharp, 7 per cent. in gold and a commission for the negotiation, there is little hope that bonds will advance, but the Presidential elelection, next week, will undoubtedly stimulate purchases, even at a close money market by foreign capitalists and German banking houses for remittance to Europe. Gold at 134¼, and bonds of 1862 at 112¾, will leave a small margin on bonds, and are more profitable to ship than exchange at 110¼.

Stocks are dull throughout the entire list; the miscellaneous shares are more affected by the decline in Erie than all the clique stock; the sound dividend paying shares have suffered alike with the worthless stock, because they were carried on too small a margins. Express stocks were very firm, and scarcely yielded at all, some large purchases were made of Adams and Merchants Union, and the moment the money market is relieved from the extreme pressure these stocks will sharply react.

Business is very dull, and money extremely hard to get, yet our banks have no exchange on Eastern cities, a remarkrble fact when New York banks ship currency West to bring grain and produce.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R Mertz: Gold, 134¼; Eighty-one's, 114¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 112⅞; do, 1864, 110¾; do, 1865, 110⅞; do, 1865, new, 109¾; do, 1867, 109¾; do, 1868, 110; Ten Forties, 105½; Railroads —Cleveland & Pittsburg 1, 86¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 112¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 104¼; Chicago & North Western, 88¾; do Preferred, 89¾; Michigan Southern, 84½; Reading, 96½; Erie, 38⅞; New York Central, 23½; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 30½; Western Union Telegraph Co, 35¾; Merchants Union Express Co., 22½. Mining shares—Quicksilver, 21.

—The following stocks were sold last evening on second floor of Commercial sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Tradesmen's National Bank.....$113 25
Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co.... 22 00

—Money was in full supply to dealers in Governments at 1 per cent., with more offered than they could use. Stock houses were generally supplied at the same rate, and much less money was loaned at usurious rates than for several days past; although houses who required large amounts offered gold interest early in the day, and in some cases paid a commission of 1-16th on currency loans. The Bank Statement does not reflect the stringent state of the market. The combination have on deposit in their confederate banks from six to ten millions of dollars on undrawn certified checks; and, although they are liable to be drawn at any moment, the banks continue to count the greenbacks held for their payment as reserve, thus giving an entirely false statement of their real condition. So far there had been a full supply of money at high rates, but the bears promise to lock up enough more to make an absolute scarcity of loanable funds.—*New York Tribune, 26th.*

—The following is a list of awards made, the 23 day of October, 1868, at Louisville, Ky., Brevet Brig. Gen. M. P. Small, C. S., U. S. A.: Jas. Morrison & Co., Cincinnati, 500 bbls hams at $30,90. Thos. J. Martin & Son, Louisville, 5,000 lbs hams at 17½c. Gibson, Early & Co., Cincinnati, 60,000 lbs brown sugar at 17½c. F. Fabel, Louisville, 5,000 lbs candles at 23¾c. Procto and Gamble, Cincinnati, 10,000 lbs soap at $8,24. Hawkins & Thornton, Louisville, 1,000 lbs pepper at 40c. Geo. F. Clark, Louisville, 100 bbls potatoes at 1⅝c. Geo. F. Clark, Louisville, 25 bbls onions at 4c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27.—The market has been generally quiet and steady for most staples. Cottons; the firmness of raw material and the extreme prices current for dyes and labor, admit of no further decline, and many mills are curtailing productions especially print work. Foreign goods very dull. All kinds of worsted goods and silk ribbons are greatly depressed.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 27, 1868.

Commercial transactions continue limited, and prices are without material change from those last reported. In Chicago, Wheat has been drooping in price from time to time, and at present no one seems to give an opinion as to when the bottom will be reached. We quote in this market wholesale prices, as follows:

APPLES—Supply good, and market dull, with sales in a regular way at $2 to $4 per barrel, as to quality and amount of sales.

APPLE BUTTER—Is unchanged; sales in kegs, at 75 to 85c, and in crocks at 90c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—$5,50 to $6 per cwt.

BUTTER—The market is well supplied; though prices are well maintained; we quote at 30 to 35c for packed, and 38 to 40c for prime to choice Roll.

EGGS—Scarce and in demand at 28c for fresh packed.

CHESTNUTS—Steady at prices ranging from $5,75 to $6,25 per bushel, as to quality.

CHEESE—Market steady, with a good demand, and we quote Ohio Goshen at 19c; New York Goshen, 20c; Factory, 17½ to 18c; Hamburg, 16½ to 17c; Ohio Sweitzer, 20c; Limburg, 20c, and Western Reserve, 15½ to 16c.

CIDER—Is quoted at $6 to $8 per bbl, according to quality and size of barrel.

HAY—We can report regular sales of prime to choice baled at $28 to $30 per ton.

POTATOES—Sales of Peach Blows and Neshannocks at 95 to $1 per bushel. Jersey Sweets scarce and higher, and we now quote at $5,50 to $6 per bbl. Baltimores $5 to $5,25.

ONIONS—In better supply and easier; we continue to quote, however, at $5 to $6 per bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Supply very light and prime eastern cultivated may be quoted at $16 to $17 per bbl.

PROVISIONS — Market dull. Sales at 13¾ to 13¾c for Shoulders; 15¾ to 16c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; and 20 for Sugar Cured Hams. Prime kettle rendred Lard, 19¾c. Mess Pork, $30,50 to $31.

LARD OIL—Sales in a regular way at $1,25 for No. 2, and $1,50 for No. 1.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is in steady demand at $2,50. Tmothy Seed is dull and nominal at $3 to $3,25. Cloverseed dull and nominal.

SALT—Dull and unchanged; Allegheny river brands $1,75 to the trade, and $1,90 to $2 for small lots.

GRAIN—Winter wheat in consequence of small receipts, is still quoted nominally at $1,90 to $1,95, though the demand is very light. No demand whatever for Spring Wheat in this market. Oats scarce and steady but unchanged at 65 to 66 on track, and in elevator, and 68 to 70 in store. Old Corn is quiet and dull but unchanged; we quote at $1,12 to $1,13 for prime Yellow, and $1,00 to $1,10 for mixed. Sale of one car Rye at $1,48. Barley irregular and unsettled; we can report 1 car No. 2 Chicago at $2,10. Prime State Spring, $2,20, and do Fall $2,30.

FLOUR—Is dull and weak, with a gradual daily decline in price. We quote from store Spring Wheat brands, $8 to $8,50, for fair to good and $8,75 for choice. Winter Wheat Flours range from $9,50 $10. Rye Flour $8,50. The Pearl Mill prices are for Extra Family in barrels $9,90 and in sacks $9,60 per barrel; Double Extra Family in barrels $10,40 add in sacks $10,10 per barrel. The Pittsburgh City Mills sell their brands at 10c per barrel under their prices.

WHISKY—Highwines are lower at $1,20, Rectified sells at the same bargins.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 27, 1868.

CRUDE.

The Crude market since our last, has undergone no particular change. The sales were restricted as follows: 1,000 bbls bulk, October at 12 cents; 350 bbls do at 12 cents; 1,500 bbls for January, Febuary and March delivery, 1869, at 11½; 500 bbls, spot, at 12c.

REFINED.

The market was not so firm; sales were made at slight decline from the previous days operations. The Eastern market was reported quiet and in action, buyers being disposed to hold off, we are reported the following sale: 500 bbls, standard white, Philadelphia, first half Nobember, 29¼c; 500 bbls, do last half, as 29¼; sales 3,000 barrels as follows: 500 bbls January; 500 Febuary; 500 do March; 500 do April; 500 do May; 500 do June at 30 per gallon; sales 1,000 bbls October, 29; sales 2,500 bbls do October, 29¼; sales 500 do October 29½; sales 1,000 bbls do October, 29¼ per gallon; the most of the sales were made during the early part of the day.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Holdship & Co...	160	Cosmos Works...	480
Soho Oil Works..	480	Penna. Works....	480
Vista Oil Works.	160	J. Bushnell	240
Braun & Wagner	600	Jas. Mawhinney.	360
Clara Oil Works.	560		
A. B. Mills.....	160	Total	3840
D. M. Edgerton.	160		

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Ref. Co., 597 bbls refined to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 250 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kehew & Co., 50 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McCreery & Co., 251 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger, 200 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 50 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

O. B. Jones, 250 do to C. B. Holbrook, Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bros., 211 refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 705 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 2564

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Jas. Miller, 53 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Union Ref. Co., 345 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Lyons, 165 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 114 bbls refined to to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lafferty & Waring, 55 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

J. L. Marshall, 10 do lubricating to Allen Miller, Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 752
" Lubricating..... 10

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, October 27.—Cattle moderately active and 10a15c lower; $3,50a4,50 for common to good cows; $5a5,50 for fair to medium steers, and $6a7 for good to strictly choice shipping beeves. Hogs dull and unchanged; sales at $7a7,50 for good to strictly choice. Receipts—1,261 hogs. Shipments 3,594 hogs.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 27.—Cattle; the lower qualities are plenty; the market is dull and prices range at 2½a6½c. Hogs; the supply exceeds the demand and prices range at 6a7¾c.

Cincinnati Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, October 27.—Hogs are dull. There is no slaughtering, the weather being too warm; $7,00a7,75 are the rates for fat.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, October 27.—Flour very dull at $10a10,50 for choice. Wheat has declined to $2 for No. 1 white; No. 2 do, $1,90; extra white, $2,19; No. 1 amber, $1,73.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LETTER FROM ST. LOUIS.

A Demoralized Party—Fallen Stars—The Blair Family.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 24, 1868.

The Democratic party in this city is completely demoralized, played out, squelched. The result of the Pennsylvania and Ohio elections was a damper to them, but the old carcass had life enough still to be resuscitated and set on its pins. It is all up with it now, however. Any calamity that could happen to it abroad would be but a flea bite to the dreadful occurrences that have transpired within a few days at home. Among the stars of the Democracy in St. Louis there were none who shone with brighter effulgence than Gen. E. B. Brown and the brothers Able. Gen. Brown figured as one of the National Executive Committee and President of the Democratic County Committee; was a delegate to the New York Convention, where he helped to nominate his personal friend Frank Blair, and is altogether one of the great Moguls of the party. To these high honors add that he enjoys the emoluments of the not altogether contemptible office of United States Pension Agent. Dan Able is also a star of the first magnitude, and was rallying the Democracy around his standard as candidate for the office of Sheriff of the county. He isn't an office-holder, but is a brother to Bart, which is much the same thing. If one is a good Democrat and has a brother who, in addition to being a good ditto, is United States Collector of Internal Revenue, it is generally considered a very good thing. Dan wasn't first choice of the Democracy for Sheriff, but seeing how things were likely to go in the country at large, and probably anticipating that the next administration would not estimate his claims for preferment as highly as he does himself, thought his best hold was at home. So he hinted that the candidate for Sheriff had better retire and make room for him, which of course was instantly attended to. Of course.

But their pleasant little arrangements seem to have come to grief rather suddenly. A Grand Jury of the United States, not having the fear of any Democratic Divinity before its eyes, the other day brought in a little indictment in which E. B. Brown and Dan Able and Owens and sundry other so-called "evil disposed persons," all good Democrats, were alluded to unpleasantly as having had their fingers rather too deep in Uncle Sam's pockets. It seems there has been a thriving little whisky business going on without much outlay for Revenue stamps, and General Noble, the United States District Attorney, having got scent of it, very unexpectedly a dozen or so good Democrats found themselves in custody, with an hour or two allowed them to find bail.

Bad fix for the leaders of the party, particularly as they were very much depended upon for the sinews of war. It didn't strike them favorably just then to pony up on demand, so the County Committee, to stave off a failure as long as possible, tried the dodge of assessing the candidates. Some of them didn't seem to see it in that light, and to cut the matter short, told the Committee they might have their resignations, but their money they shouldn't have. So they resigned and left the party again without a ticket Worse than all. Tammany Hall, the headquarters of the party, couldn't be run without funds, which it had derived from the same source, and the Sheriff has just seized that.

Alas for the Democracy! Their trusted leaders in limbo, their financial resources failing, their headquarters captured by a vandal Sheriff! their candidates—some of them withdrawing, and one likely, if elected, to have to spend the best part of his term in the penitentiary! O, where could they find comfort? There was a hope that Dan Able would relieve them of a part of their burden by retiring from the field, but when the subject was broached Dan said he didn't see it, and so added insult to injury. And that's the present situation.

The *Democrat* pokes fun at them politely. It bristles all over with squibs and unfeeling conundrums, and the poor *Republican* discourseth elaborately in the corruption and demoralization of the Radical party, but havn't the heart to say a word about the melancholy condition of its own.

The fact is the Democratic party ought to have gone decently into its grave twenty years ago, and left a respectable odor behind it. How could it retain any kind of sweet savor after its life had so long departed? Let us pray that November will bury the offensive carcass forever.

Poor Frank Blair is a good deal of a load to carry. If he could only keep his mouth shut; but that he can't. The idea of a Blair without gab is preposterous, but the idea of Frank holding his tongue approaches the sublime. Lots of good Democrats would like to see General Grant shot or poisoned or exterminated in some way, but they don't quite see the policy of saying so publicly; and they think Frank is going to be the death of their party. Many will not shed tears over this calamity, foreseeing that the political death of the Blair family is near at hand and inevitable. And to this men of all parties devoutly say amen.

The prospect for success of the Republican party in this State is very favorable. A hard fight is being made in the First Congressional District, between General Pile, the present member, and Erastus Wells. Wells has money, and will bleed freely, which is a strong card among Democrats. It will be a tight pull, and it is hard to predict who will come out best.

HITTY MAGINN.

NEW YORK LETTER.

The Social Aspect of Gotham—Water Street Mission—Anti-American Antecedents of Prevalent Vice—The Political Book Out in the State.

Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, October 26, 1868.

Amid the incessant bustle and whirl of Gotham, one almost imperceptibly ignores the existence of other latitudes with less commercial activity, but not less American characteristics. The citizen of New York, who has little of worldly goods, and may not retire from the perplexities of business to suburban residences on Long Island, on the Hudson, or on Madison Square, feels less of that harmonizing touch which nature contributes to make the whole world kin. To him this great and populous city is the world in which he resides, and he is but an atom, a drop in the bucket, among the multitude struggling for life. Daily, as he walks the streets, he jostles and elbows people strange and curious to him, with countenances pre-occupied by business or vacant of any expression, and all seem to be industriously walking a wager, hurrying hither or thither on business of pressing moment, or bending their steps like belated travelers in pursuit of some indefinable object. Walk Broadway on a fine afternoon, and you become an involuntary member of a mixed procession of fashion, frippery, industry and indolence, yet if you are a stranger the citizen can read it in your eye, your gait and manner, and take an estimate of your character almost as rapidly as Professor Fowler.

There is nothing truly congenial in the great business mart of the city, for that minor phase of human nature you must seek elsewhere. In the quiet stillness which reigns up-town, away from the marts and workshops, among the homes of the resident population, the fever of excitement becomes softened by a moiety of repose, the pulse relaxes its feverish beating, the powers of reflection become disenthralled and you become once more aware of your individual identity.

The Water Street Mission has had its day, and the religious meetings have broken up for the want of attendance. Among the two thousand families in the neighborhood not twenty, we are told, could be induced to attend. No sagacious thinking man, who knows the locality, could predict a longer life for this movement. It was fostered by over-zealous, though worthy missionaries, who knew too little of human nature, and planted their seed on a sterile rock, incapable of vegetation. The newspapers assisted in creating a sensation; but as for the meeting outside of the members of the Mission, they were nothing, from first to last, but motley gatherings of listless, indifferent or curious spectators. John Allen, at whose low den the movement was initiated (although perhaps not entitled to the flattering addition of "the wickedest man in New York,) is an unscrupulous scoundrel, and his professed conversion the flimsiest hypocrisy, put on to obtain a rent for his dance-house, being more remunerative than the prosecution of his nefarious business. Arbitrary city reform is apparently the most practicable in the low regions about the docks, and all other purlieus of vice and iniquity in the city. A more judicious system of license would have a salutary effect in eradicating these social horrors, or at least mitigate the evil.

The fact is patent to any intelligent observer that the localities where vice and wretchedness most abound in this city are neighborhoods where the poorer class of Irish are always found. The vice-traps of the Empire City are scarcely ever American institutions, but are generally carried on by parties of foreign birth. As a rule this applies to other cities as well. The American character has suffered greatly under the odium of wickedness and revolting crimes daily committed in our midst, which, if traced to the authors, are, in nine cases out of ten, the work of aliens.

New York State appears to be the important field in the coming election. The victory of Grant in the Presidential contest would scarcely be complete without the overthrow of Tammany Hall in the person of its representative on the Gubernatorial ticket. The signs of the triumph of the Republican State ticket are all propitious. The defections from sham Democracy, consequent on the dictatorial tone assumed by Tammany at the Albany Convention, are wide-spread, and it is believed the friends of Senator Murphy will administer a signal rebuke to the unscrupulous "ring" which defeated his nomination. The popular Union majority may be safely set down at 15,000.

A singular contest for the political championship is that in the Fourth District, between Horace Greeley and the Hon. John Morrissey, ex-body beater. The friends of Mr. Greeley are industriously at work and increasing in strength, and if any body can "polish off" Morrissey in a battle of this kind, this veteran editor is the one to do it. He deserves in this contest to come pat "between too early and too late." So mote it be.

The Assembly is safe for the Union party, from all indications; but the Republicans in this State will have to use their most untiring vigilance to counteract and defeat the political tricks which copperheadism in its desperation will unscrupulously and openly resort to. TUSCAN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

PHALON & SON, New York.

je3:r9-MWF

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. au28:r28

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—

Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:r30T

BILLIARD TABLES.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES,

AND COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

Undisputably the best in use. NEW IMPROVEMENTS, Patented Nov. 26th, 1867, and April 21st, 1868. Everything relating to billiards of the best quality and lowest prices always on hand.

Our NEW CUE TRIMMER, Patented May 5th, 1868, price $2 50—a great success.

Illustrated price lists sent on application. Address

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63, 65, 67 and 69 CROSBY ST., New York City

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ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

DRUGGISTS' GLASS.

Flushed Ruby, Blue and Green,
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—Valuable Farm and MILL PROPERTY, situate in PENN TOWNSHIP, Allegheny county, 8 miles from the city, and 2¼ miles from Hulton Station on the A. V. R. R., contains 125 acres, 50 of which is excellent timber; the land is rich, easily cultivated and well watered; connected therewith are a first class grist mill three and a half stories high, with three run of stones and safely put in first rate repair, together with an excellent saw mill, both mills doing a good paying business; a large stone mansion and numerous other outbuildings with a full bearing apple and peach orchard. The mill is situated in a village and thickly settled neighborhood. The above presents a rare opportunity for any parties wishing to engage in a well established business to make a fortune. Price low and terms to suit. Apply to

oc24 B. MCLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE—A beautiful home fronting on the Ohio river, well improved, excellent soft water, land level and rich, comfortable building, out-houses new and in good order; view of the river excellent. Price low and terms moderate. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

oc24 85 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 30 ACRES, on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, 27 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a fine two-story brick house, with ten large rooms and hall. A large frame bank barn, with No. 1 stabling, and all other outbuildings in complete order. One of the best of orchards, of all kinds of fruit. The soil is rich new bottom. This property adjoins the village of Buena Vista, and has the advantage of churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., and will be sold at the low price of $15,000. The improvements alone are worth at least all that is asked for the property, to say nothing about the land, which is worth for garden purposes at least $10,000. For full particulars call at my office, or WILLIAM A. BELL, Esq., on the premises.

ALSO, A FARM OF 40 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, about 18 miles from the city. The improvements are a new stone dwelling, with eight rooms; a good barn and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low price. Call and secure yourself a good bargain.

ALSO A FARM OF 120 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 17½ miles from the city, on the Connellsville Railroad, opposite Elrod's Station, within 30 minutes' walk of the Station. The improvements are a frame house containing four rooms and kitchen, with a good cellar underneath; very good barn and other outbuildings. A No. 1 orchard, containing about 200 fruit bearing trees, all in good condition. 90 acres cleared land, the residue in good timber, underlaid with 23 acres of coal.

ALSO, A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE adjoining the Borough of Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., containing 4 rooms and kitchen. Lot 60 feet front by 126 back to an alley. A good Stable, wash house, bake-oven and other outbuildings. I am authorized to sell it at the low price of $1,800, on good terms.

ALSO, In the Borough of Elizabeth, a good two-story BRICK HOUSE, containing 4 rooms. Lot 120 feet square. Will be sold at the exceedingly low price of $2,500, on easy terms.

ALSO, My Farm, known by the name of "Willow Banks," situated on the Connellsville Railroad, 17 miles from the city, containing 79 ACRES, all in good condition. The improvements are a No. 1 brick house, two stories high, newly painted, containing six rooms, two halls running full length of the house. The house is situated on a beautiful knoll, is surrounded by fruit trees, shrubbery, vines and flowers, with a graded avenue running to the Yough. River. Also, a large frame bank barn, smoke house, wash house, coal house, bake-oven and other outbuildings, and a never-failing well of water. Two large orchards, containing from six to seven hundred fruit trees, nearly all in good bearing condition. This farm abounds in small fruits, viz: Currants, raspberries, gooseberries, and a fine large strawberry patch, which, in connexion with the richness of the soil and nearness to the city, makes it very desirable for gardening purposes. Very convenient to schools, churches, stores and blacksmith shop.

ALSO, A FARM OF 158 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 31 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the Connellsville Railroad, at Suter Station. The improvements are a common log house, a good frame barn, with stabling for ten horses; a corncrib and wagon shed; good orchard of fruit trees; fencing very good. 120 acres cleared, the residue in heavy timber land. This farm is valuable—first, for its excellent soil; secondly, its timber; and thirdly, it contains more limestone than any other farm in Pennsylvania, all accessible. The lower vein of limestone is 40 feet thick; several other veins ranging from 3½ to 6 ft. in thickness, lie under the whole farm. For particulars enquire of ELI SUTER, Esq., at Suter Station, on at my office.

ALSO, 174 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; one hundred and twenty acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered, and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm.

ALSO, A beautifully situated tract of 60 ACRES of valuable land, under good fencing, situated in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., on a township road, 7 measured miles from the Court House, Allegheny City. This tract is well adapted for a garden or dairy farm, being convenient and of easy access to either city, and near enough to the line of the Mahoning Railroad to make it very desirable for country seats, for persons doing business in the city.

ALSO, The best farm in Young township, Indiana county, Pa., 4 miles from Western Penna. R. R. at Livermore Station, containing 300 ACRES—225 acres cleared and under No. 1 fencing, as well as fine farming condition; the balance in good white oak timber. The improvements are 2 two-story frame houses, nearly new, of eight rooms each and finished basements and attics; a large bank barn 50 by 80 feet, a two-story spring house and other necessary outbuildings, all in good order; 5 acres of orchard of choice varieties of fruits; 4 feet vein of coal (now open,) underlying the whole tract, and limestone in abundance, with plenty of springs of never-failing water. Taken all together—houses, fencing, soil, nice lying surface, public highway, churches, schools, mills, &c.—I know of no more inviting and desirable tract of land in Western Pennsylvania.

ALSO, FARM AND MILLS. A small tract of 60 ACRES of very valuable land in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa.; well fenced and in a high state of cultivation, with new frame dwelling, and other outbuildings; a new grist and saw mill complete, with two runs of burrs, two bolting cloths, and all the needed fixtures, in good order, and a young orchard of choice fruits; lane is all underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now being mined and worked at the back of the mill, and limestone in abundance. Call soon and secure a good bargain.

ALSO, FARM OF 160 ACRES, situated immediately west of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Blairsville Intersection, 54 miles east of the city. The improvements are a two-story stone house of 8 rooms, a No. 1 barn, 45 by 65 feet, the best of stabling and other outbuildings. The land lies well, is well fenced, is in good farming order, and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,

No. 164 FOURTH AVENUE.

oc27:

FOR SALE.

TWO HOUSES AND LOT on Carroll street, Allegheny. This property will be sold low, as the party is about leaving the city, and wishes to dispose of the property before removing.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about 800 acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash $4,500—balance on time to suit buyer.

FARM OF 140 ACRES, will be sold for twenty dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; 50 acres of the land clear.

FARM OF 180 ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; 100 acres of the land in meadow and grain.

CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house, containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.

TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having a well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.

FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad; would make a good coal yard.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property, situated at the Blairsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. This well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.

FOR RENT.

One large House, for Boarding House.
One new Brick House, 8 rooms.
One new Brick House of 4 rooms.
One new Brick House of 3 rooms.
One House of 5 rooms and lot 55 by 140.
One House of 7 rooms and lot 150 by 150.
Two new Brick Houses, 11 rooms each.
One new Frame House, 4 rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, 3 rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and large lot, well suited for garden.
7 acres that can be divided into acre lots.
5 Lots in Oakland.

Power and a large Room and Yard for rent, in a good location. Will be rented for short or long time.

FOR LEASE OR SALE—3 Lots on Morton street, Ninth Ward.

WANTED—3,000 feet of Flagging 3 to 4 inches thick.

TO LOAN---$50,000,

IN SUMS OF $5,000 AND UPWARD.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.

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2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

FOR SALE & TO LET.---Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire

WILLIAM WARD,

ja28 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

AUCTION SALES.

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No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BY A. LEGGATE.

SUBURBAN LOTS AT AUCTION. On SATURDAY, October 31, at 2 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, 12 beautiful building lots of 1 to 6 acres each, situated between JACKS RUN and VERNER STATION, on the P. F. W. & C. R. W. Train leaves at 1.20 P. M. for the sale, and free tickets and plans will be furnished by the auctioneer. The attention of those desiring a really good suburban site is directed to this highly attractive sale. For beauty and eligibility of location these lots are hard to beat. Frequent trains and good driving roads. Liberal terms.

A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

ac24 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

STEINWAY PIANO, SEWING MACHINE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—The furniture of COL. CLARK'S, residence, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, will be sold on WEDNESDAY, October 28, at 10 o'clock. The Piano is a very fine Steinway, as good as new; the Sewing Machine is in excellent order, good as new; there are Brussels, hall, stair and chamber carpets, hair seat and cane seat chairs, divans, tetes, marble top bureau and stand, fine bedsteads, feather beds, bedding, fine venitian blinds, curtains, extension table, &c.

oc24 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

RAILROAD GLASS.—P. Z. & D.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale made by the Orphans' Court, on the 10th day of October, 1868, September Term, 1868, the undersigned will sell on the premises, at Public Sale, on

Friday, the 20th Day of November, 1868,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

ONE LOT, No. 15, in the plan of lots laid out by Wm. Robinson, Jr., in Township of Reserve, Allegheny City, being twenty five feet in front on Spring Garden Avenue and extending the same width one hundred and twenty feet back to High street, on which said premises is erected a one-story frame house.

TERMS—One-half purchase money cash on confirmation of sale, the balance one year from date with interest secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. MARY HANER,

oc17:223 Adm'x of Michael Haney, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE—The house and lot No. — AVERY STREET, Fourth Ward, Allegheny, THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE; lot 30 feet 6 inches front and 76 feet 4 inches deep, now owned by the heirs of Samuel Hough, deceased. The one-seventh interest in said lot and buildings now owned by Mary Ann, Ella W. and William H. Stevens, minor children of Lee W. and —— Stevens, deceased, will be sold on SATURDAY, November 21st, 1868, at 10 A. M., on the premises by order of the Orphans' Court. The remaining six-sevenths of said lot owned by persons of full age will be conveyed to the purchaser by Warranty Deed, No. 164, June Term, 1868.

R. S. MORRISON, 103 Fifth Avenue

oc22:z29 Solicitor for Petitioners.

WASHINGTON

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

OF EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made at No. 385, December Term, 1868, for a Charter for the "WASHINGTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF EAST BIRMINGHAM" and the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

oct21:z19W

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Court have ordered that a second general meeting of the creditors of

ROBERT B. NORRIS,

A Bankrupt, be held at the office of JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., on the 16TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. A LEWIS,
J. M. KENNEDY,

se16:x61-W Assignees.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, I will sell at Public Sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on

Saturday, October 31st, 1868, at 10 A. M.,

The following LOT OF GROUND situated in the Seventh Ward, Allegheny, (formerly in Reserve Township,) viz: Lot No. 130 in Adam Reineman's Plan. (See plan book, vol. 2, page 145, Recorder's office.) Beginning on Tell street, at line of Lot No. 129; thence along said line northwest 84 feet 6 inches; thence northeast along line of Hartman's lot 23 feet 6 inches; thence along line of Lot No. 107 southeast 79 feet to Tell street; thence along said street southwest 45 feet to the place of beginning. DAVID W. BELL,

Administrator of the Estate of Mary Ann Ross, Deceased. oct7:y70-W

H. F. W. HESPENHEIDE,

vs.

MICHAEL COLE.

Sci. Fa., 126 June Term, 1868.

And now to wit, 26th Sept. 1868, Sheriff has leave to pay into Court the money raised on this writ, after deducting costs.

And now to wit, 3d October, 1868, the Court appoint W. B. RODGERS, Auditor, to distribute the funds paid into Court.

From the Record. J. H. WALTER, Pro'ty.

All persons interested are notified that I will enter upon the duties of my appointment on SATURDAY, 7th November, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at my office, No. 71 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., at which time and place they can attend.

oc7:y71-W W. B. RODGERS, Auditor.

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Allegheny county, to the undersigned, on the estate of FREDERICK SAUER, late of Allegheny county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and all persons having claims against the said estate, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

MAGDALENA SAUER,

Administratrix of Frederick Sauer, deceased.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 7, 1868. sep8:x5.

P. Z. & D.—STEAMBOAT GLASS.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 24th, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 23d day of October A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF WILLIAM BRITTON,

late of city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pa., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

oc27:246 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENN- SYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 29th day of September, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE L. McCLINTOCK, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,

se30:y37W Attorney-at-law, 89 Grant street.

PAINTERS.

WILL. S. TAYLOR,

PAINTER,

No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,

Thankful for the former very liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I assure my friends and the public generally that, in the future as in the past, I shall endeavor diligently to merit a continuance of the same, and will be always at the shop from 7 to 9 A. M. and from 1 to 3 P. M. my21:q19

INSURANCE.

ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO.,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA,

Office, No. 424 PENN ST.,

(IN NATIONAL TRUST CO. BUILDING.)

DIRECTORS:

Robt. Dickson,	Robt. Liddell,	W. J. Friday,
G. Siedle,	C. Van Bureu,	F. Kirsch,
E. H. Myers,	J. Gangwisch,	Chris. Siebert,
L. J. Blanchard,	J. Welsser,	P. Schlidecker.

E. H. MYERS, President.
ROBT. DICKSON, Vice President.
ROBT. J. GRIER, Treasurer.
se13:MWF J. J. ALBIETZ, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, entrance on Stockton Avenue.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. H. English	O. H. P. Williams	Jno. Thompson
Jno. A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

oc17:n81

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President,
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Henry Gerwig,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whilston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Kohen.

ap10:o85

IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. ☞ United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, Agent,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 67 FOURTH STREET.

MR. McLAUGHLIN is also Agent for the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. se5:v72

WESTERN INSURANCE COM- PANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Ackles,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	

no27

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., NEAR 5TH

DIRECTORS.

Charles F. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Lewis
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.

mh28:w15

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

jy4:

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COM- PANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	Capt. Wm. Dean,
John D. McCord,	B. L. Fahnestock
C. G. Hussey,	W. H. Everson,
Harvey Childs,	Robert H. Davis,
T. J. Hoskinson,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COM- PANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John B. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parks,	Johnnes Arnuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	James M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm. F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent

DRUGGISTS' GLASS SIGNS,

Appropriate Designs,
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood street.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c

PITTSBURGH IMPORTING HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY'S

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 409 Penn Street, Pittsburgh,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand

PURE NATIVE WINES.

ISABELLA AND CATAWBA,

Of our own growing. Also, the best brands of CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, SHERRY and PORT WINES. "Vine Growers' Company" of BRANDY, pint flasks, just the thing for travelers.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to supplying families. A. MAMAUX,

jy28:t67 No. 4 Virgin alley, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n53

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

Third night of the engagement of the great unrivalled artiste,

MR. J. H. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 28, will be presented the original, romantic and domestic drama of

RIP VAN WINKLE.

Rip Van Winkle.....M. J. H. Hackett.

To conclude with the laughable two act comedy of

HIS LAST LEGS.

O'Callaghan.....Mr. J. H. Hackett.

Grand Matinee every

SENATOR MORTON'S SPEECH.

(Continued from First Page.)

ment was to return to specie payments by buying the legal tender notes up to par, and making them as good as gold, and that this could be accomplished by fixing a future day, say the first of July, 1871, for the redemption of the notes, and reserve the surplus gold in the treasury for that purpose afterwards. On the 13th of July, in reply to a Senator, he argued that in the payment of gold bonds the government had a right to use the existing legal tender notes which were issued before the sale of the first Five-Twenty bonds, or contemporaneous therewith, and with which the banks were purchased from the Government. This is not as a matter of taste or desire, but as my opinion of the law, and I have certainly read or heard nothing to change it, nor have I lately denounced it as a fraud or a swindle, as stated by certain newspapers, though I have used such language freely towards the proposal to issue new notes with which to pay the bonds. This proposition will have no practical importance, however, unless the depreciation of the currency and the premium on gold shall be maintained as a prominent policy, in which case the people will not be led to consider what are the legal rights of the government in the payment of the public debt, but I prefaced this argument with the declaration that the first duty of the government was to return to specie payments, which would put this and many other troublesome questions out of the way, and here is what I said: This question is not important beyond the time that the government shall resume specie payments. Whenever we make the legal tender note as good as gold then it is settled, but an important question, and it may be an important and troublesome one until that time occurs for one belief that the true policy for the Government is to take steps first and foremost to bring about the resumptien of specie payments. I believe that this lies at the foundation of our financial system, and there is where we should begin. I will remark that this question is entirely distinct from the question of the right of the Government to make a new issue of legal tender notes and pay off 5-20's in that new issue. I shall speak of the right of the government to redeem the 5-20s in the existing legal tender notes. Mr. Pendleton argued to establish the same proposition and then jumped to the conclusion that after the war is over and long after the bonds have been sold, the government has the right to issue new legal tender notes and compel her creditors to receive them in payment of her bonds. This is a *non sequitur* and would be a violation of the pledge given by Congress in 1864, that the whole amount of legal tender notes should never exceed four millions, and would be without any reasons of public necessity which justified their first issue. Mr. Pendleton confounded two things which are wholly different. It would be impossible to put a new issue of said notes upon the same footing in law and equity in relation to public or private debts with those issued before the bonds were sold and under the pressing necessities of war the legal tender rates although at par in contemplation of law in payment of debts are in fact worth but about seventy cents on the dollar. The first step to be taken to improve our financial condition should be to make these notes held by the people, and in which the business of the country is transacted, equal to gold. There is where gold payments should begin. It requires no argument to prove that while tuey are depreciated as they now are, it will be impossible for the government to pay the bonds or any considerable portion of them in gold and it requires no argument to prove that when the government has returnod to specie payment by bringing the legal tender notes up to par, the question of the mode of paying the bonds becomes important.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27, 1868.

ADDRESS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, October 27.—The Republican State Committee has issued an address to the people which says that the Democrats, despairing of success by any other means, now proposes to make that great safeguard of Democratic government, the ballot-box, through corruption, the means of thwarting the will of the people, and giving them the semblance of success by a system of frauds unparalleled in the history of nations. The remedy, they say, is to watch and challenge, the register failing, challenge every man at the polls whose right to vote is not well known; not only challenge, but convict, and put in prison all who offer to register or vote illegally.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

This morning a fire broke out in the building on Saw Mill's River, at Yonkers, occupied by S. F. Messmore, as a tobacco factory, D. S. Sanders, as a machine shop, and John Cappinet, as a saw mill. The building and contents were totally destroyed. Loss, $37,000; insurance, $7,000.

CONSOLIDATED ASSOCIATION OF WORKING WOMEN.

A meeting of the Women's Typographical Union and the Sewing Machine Operators Union met last evening and formed a Central Association of Working Women by consolidating the two societies, with Miss Sarah B. Anthony as President. Miss Anthony announced that Anna Dickinson had offered to lectnre for the benefit of the Association.

MARINE LOSSES.

The loss by the burning of the bark Sea Side foots up over one hundred thousand dollars.

The loss by the burning of the ferry boat Kings County, last night, will be over fifty thousand dollars. A man asleep on board is supposed to have been burned to death.

CONGRESSMAN NOMINATED.

Wm. Lambie was nominated last night for Congress in the Eighth district, by the Republican Convention. This completes the Congressional nominations throughout the State.

NATURALIZATION.

Nearly nine hundred persons have been naturalized at Hudson City during the past two weeks.

The Late Fire at Hunter's Point.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 27.—The loss by the fire at Hunter's Point was $17,500 on warehouse, insured for $16,000. Loss on 4,000 barrels of refined oil and 4,500 barrels naptha, $97,000, insured for $105,000. The above belonged to Rockfeller, Andrews & Flagger. The vessel which was burned and her cargo belonged to other parties.

Fire in Boston.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—A fire in Ipswich this morning destroyed Coburn's block, occupied by Josiah Lord, fancy goods; Stephen Coburn, grocer; W. K. Bell, Revenue Assessor and Town Clerk; D. M. Tyler, jeweler, and others. Waite's shoe manufactory, adjoining, was also burned. One man was injured by the explosion of a kerosene tank.

Fire at Lawrence, Mass.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LAWRENCE, Mass., October 27.—A fire broke out this morning in the drying room in the west wing of the Washington Mills. The flames were confined to the attic. The estimated loss is two thousand dollars, principally by water.

Escape of a Murderer from Prison.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORD, Conn., October 26.—Chas. E. Gilbert, who was sentenced three years ago to the State Prison for life, for a murder committed in New Britain, escaped from prison in Weathersfield this morning.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Daily Prayer Meeting—From 12 M. to 12:30 o'clock at the Rooms of the Christian Association, No. 23 Fifth street.

Dolls with the Grecian bend are the latest out.

Base Ball playing is over for the present season.

Amusements are a little scarce in our city at present.

Building improvements are progressing rapidly hereabouts at present.

Pittsburgh rivalled London for fog at an early hour yesterday morning.

The pleasant weather of the past few days brightened up the bootblack trade.

Five Drunks and two disorderlies attended Mayor Drum's levee yesterday morning.

From three to four thousand people pass through the Union Depot, on an average, every day.

Cabbage stalks are in demand among our urchin population just now. Hallow E'en comes next Saturday.

Methodists take great pride in their new Book Depository and Publishing House. It is really a handsome edifice.

The Federal street, Allegheny sewer will be completed in a short time. Good news to pedestrians and merchants along that way.

The high wind last evening considerably disturbed the swinging sign boards and other loose tackle on buildings throughout the city.

Over two thousand six hundred men were converted during the past year through the agency of the Y. M. C. A. of America.

Fencing In.—That portion of the Allegheny Park which has been planted with trees is being enclosed with a neat and substantial fence.

Committed.—Alderman Donaldson yesterday committed Margaret Cunningham for fifteen days for disorderly conduct on oath of Ellen Carrell.

Surety of the Peace.—Mary Kearney made information before the Mayor yesterday, against her husband, Barret Kearney, for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

In Town.—Hon. E. M. Stanton arrived in the city yesterday at noon. He is stopping at the Monongahela House. A number of our prominent citizens called upon him during the afternoon and evening.

For Sale.—The attention of those wishing to buy a Carpenter shop in a good location, in Allegheny city, or any person wanting Sash or Doors, is directed to an advertisement in to-day's paper, on Fifth page.

Accident to a Horse.—As the Eagle engine was returning from the fire yesterday morning, one of the horses attached to it fell into the sewer excavation on Fourth avenue, dragging the engine after him.

Suicide—Wm. Reddy, a young man, committed suicide in Newark, Ohio, on Monday evening, by shooting himself through the heart. The cause is said to be his rejection by the fair one to whom he had been paying his addresses.

Pardoned.—David Wilson, convicted of assault and battery and sentenced on Saturday to pay a fine of thirty dollars and costs and undergo an imprisonment of twenty days in the county jail, was yesterday pardoned out by Gov. Geary.

Coroner's Inquest.—Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of Margaret Engle who died suddenly yesterday morning, at her residence at the corner of Seventh avenue and Grant street. The jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

Chimney on Fire.—The alarm of fire struck from Box No 2, corner Penn and Second streets, about half past eight o'clock yesterday morning, was caused by the burning out of a chimney on Second street. No damage was done. The fire department were out in force.

Beat Him.—John Waas and Wm. McClosky got into a difficulty in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, yesterday, which ended, according to Waas statement, in his being very badly abused. He made information before Justice Eggers against McClosky for assault and battery. The affair was finally compromised, McClosky paying the costs.

A Knock Down.—Patrick Welsh, of the Tenth ward, charged John Burke with assault and battery before Alderman Taylor, yesterday morning. Welsh alleges that the defendant, after knocking him down, picked up a hammer and threatened to flatten his head. Burke was arrested and after a hearing the case was compromised, each party paying half the costs.

Trover and Conversion.—John Henry Hardig made information yesterday morning before Justice Eggers, of the Eighth ward, Allegheny, against Andrew Herr, for trover and conversion. Herr, it seems, lost three hogs a short time ago, and Hardig alleges that he appropriated three belonging to him to make up the loss. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

Fall and Winter Dress Goods in all the pretty styles intoduced in the Eastern cities will be found at the fashionable dry goods house of Bates & Bell, No. 21 Fifth avenue. The ladies will find every department complete and well stocked. Particular attention has been paid this season to the shawl and cloak departments, and no where else will ladies find so admirable a selection.

Beat His Son.—Richard L. Allen made information yesterday, before Alderman McMasters, against Fred. Bolton for assault and battery and surety of the peace. The prosecutor states that Bolton beat and abused his son Charles, and threatened to knock his brains out and beat him whenever an opportunity offered. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing on Thursday.

Aggravated Assault.—Patrick McGuire made information yesterday before Alderman Strain against Bostley Gestine, Philip Hess, George Hartman and Albert Guiles, for aggravated assault and battery. McGuire alleges that while walking along Liberty street on the evening of the 17th of the present month, the defendants attacked him, knocking him down, beating him with a slung-shot and injuring him so badly that he was for several days confined to his bed. The accused were arrested and held for a hearing on Friday in the sum of two thousand dollars.

Opera House.—Last evening Mr. J. H. Hackett, long a favorite of the Pittsburgh theatre-going public, appeared as "Rip Van Winkle," in the popular and romantic drama known by that title. In this character, it is not too much to say, that Mr. H. has, at this day, few equals and no superiors, and last evening fully sustained his previously established reputation. The evening's entertainment concluded with the side-splitting two act comedy, entitled "His Last Legs," Mr. Hackett as "O'Callagan." This evening Mr. H. will appear in his great character of "Sir John Fallstaff" in "Henry IV," the mere announcement of which is sufficient to insure a large attendance.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Court met at ten o'clock yesterday morning, when the counsel in the case of the United States vs. the stills et. al. of Robert Woods & Co., commenced their arguments to the jury. John H. Hampton and W. D. Moore, Esqs., argued in behalf of the claimants, and District Attorney Carnahan concluded on the part of the United States. The case is still on trial.

Supreme Court.

TUESDAY, October 27.—Court met at 10 A. M. Present—Chief Justice Thompson, Judges Reed, Agnew, Sharswood and Williams.

O'Donnell vs. Allegheny Valley Railroad Company. Armstrong county. Argument concluded. Bradley plaintiff in error, and by Golden contra.

Burrell Township Overseers vs. Guardians of the Poor of Pittsburgh. Indiana county. Continued.

James Steel *et al's.* appeal and James Steel's appeal. Westmoreland county. Argued by Foster for James Steel and Trees and Laird contra.

W. T. Haines, of Pittsburgh, was on motion of P. Frazier Smith, duly admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company vs. Barnett. Westmoreland county. Argued by Foster for plaintiff in error, and by Laird contra,

Freeport borough vs. Marks. Armstrong county. Argued by Golden for plaintiff in error, and by Gilpin contra.

Quarter Sessions—Judges Sterrett and Mellon.

Court met at ten o'clock yesterday morning, Judges Sterrett and Mellon on the bench. The following business was transacted:

SENT TO DIXMONT.

Robert Woods, Esq., Solicitor for the County Home, presented a petition asking for the commitment of an insane man named Weinat to Dixmont Hospital. Weinat, it appears, was picked up in Ross township some time ago and taken to the County Home. It was deemed advisable to remove him to Dixmont. The petition was granted.

NON PROS. ENTERED.

In the case of Samuel B. McLean, indicted for seduction, the court ordered a nol pros. on the payment of costs by defendant.

NOT GUILTY.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Joseph Grimes, indicted for the larceny of a pocket book, reported yesterday as on trial, was concluded. The jury found a verdict of not guilty.

A CONTINUANCE.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Robinson, et al., indicted for riot, was continued on an affidavit presented by W. C. Moreland, Esq., stating that an important witness for the defence was absent from the city.

ASSAULT UPON A WIFE.

The next case was that of Jacob Babst, indicted on oath of his wife Elizabeth Babst, for aggravated assault and battery. The parties reside on the Perrysville road, a short distance from the city. The prosecution testified that in July last she asked her husband for some money, when he attacked her and threw her on the floor, and then called to his son to come and knock her teeth down her throat. It was alleged on the part of the defense that Mrs. Babst was the attacking party, and that the accused only acted in self-defense. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and directed that each party pay one-half the costs.

MILICIOUS MISCHIEF.

Mrs. Evans indicted for malicious mischief was next put upon trial. Jury out.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. Julius Richter, Callagher McCarthy, Florence McCarthy, John Sweeny and Diebald Swagle, and others, charged with feloneous assault and battery, Daniel McMullen, prosecutor. This case it appears grew out of an affray at a drinking saloon in the Ninth ward, kept by Richter, one of the defendants, which occurred on the 24th of July, 1867, and in which Daniel McMullen, the prosecutor, who was at that time a Lieutenant on the Police force, was brutally assaulted, from the effects of which he has not yet recovered. The facts are the same as those in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Teddy McCarthy, who was engaged in the affray, and was recently convicted of felonious assault and battery. The jury were sworn, after which the Court adjourned. The case will be proceeded with this morning.

Trial List for Thursday, October 29.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Henkel.
Commonwealth vs. John Welker, Jr.
Commonwealth vs. John J. Volz.
Commonwealth vs. Milton Cline.
Commonwealth vs. Charles O'Donnell.
Commonwealth vs. Edward Smith.
Commonwealth vs. John Fitzgerald.
Commonwealth vs. Baptiste Dotte, Joseph Ewens, et. al.
Commonwealth vs. William Arnold.
Commonwealth vs. Elizabeth Cook.
Commonwealth vs. Ernest Dengle.
Commonwealth vs. Edward Hays.

Trial List for Friday, October 30.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Morris.
Commonwealth vs. Samuel Scott.
Commonwealth vs. Susan Troy.
Commonwealth vs. L. J. Keuchler.
Commonwealth vs. Jacob Hass.
Commonwealth vs. Robert Hutchinson.
Commonwealth vs. John Linton.
Commonwealth vs. Thomas Grogan and Thomas Murphy.
Commonwealth vs. John Schildecker.
Commonwealth vs. Henry Dailey.

Common Pleas Court—Judge Stowe.

Court met at the usual hour, Judge Stowe on the bench. The following business was transacted:

In the case of John Brown vs. Joshua Splane, the jury was withdrawn and non suit entered.

The case of O. McClintock vs. John Cavet and John Calhoun, owners of the steam tug "Vigilant." This is an action for debt, the claim being $64 for repairs to said tug. Jury out.

Young Men's Christian Association.

At the last monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, the following persons were nominated to fill vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors at the next regular election: Messrs. W. K. Jennings, B. Page, J. E. Sellers, Thomas Bakewell, for five years; and A. W. Bell, T. J. Gillespie, M. B. Sloan for one year.

A vote of thanks was tendered Rev. W. Evans for his labors in behalf of the Association.

The Committee having in charge the arrangements for the Annual State Convention, to be held on the 10th, 11th and 12th of November, reported progress. Circulars and programmes are being prepared, and will be ready in a few days.

The Committee on the Establishment of an Inebriates Asylum reported that they had been informed that the Legislative act establishing the Workhouse for Allegheny county also made provision for an Inebriate Asylum in connection with it, which would be constructed and put in operation as soon after the completion of the Workhouse as possible.

A resolution providing for the holding of a prayer meeting on the second Sabbath in November, in accordance with the recommendation of the National Convention held in Detroit last year, was referred to the Committee on Open Air Meetings.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the officers of the different railroads centering in the city for their action in furnishing free passes to the worthy poor, at the suggestion of the Association.

Extensive Conflagration—Presser's Glue Factory Destroyed—Five Tenement Houses Burned.

An alarm of fire struck shortly after five o'clock yesterday morning from box 48, corner of Elm street and Fifth (Pennsylvania) avenue, brought the fire department promptly to the ground. The cause of the alarm was the burning of Presser's glue factory, located a little off from the avenue on Beech alley, between Pride and Stevenson streets. The fire was first discovered in the boiler room about five o'clock, and the alarm sounded from box 52, corner of Pride street and the avenue, but for some reason the alarm was not general or distinct. The Relief engine, and the Rescue Hook and Ladder Companies heard the first alarm and were on the ground doing good service when the second alarm was struck which brought the whole department out. By this time the building was enveloped in flames. It was a frame building, resting on stone basement walls and extending back a considerable distance from the alley, the boiler and engine room forming a wing in the rear. The whole establishment together with its contents of machinery, stock, &c., &c., was destroyed.

Mr. Presser's loss will amount to about $3,000, on which there is an insurance mostly covering it, in the Girard Company of Philadelphia.

Patrick Lally, an employee in the factory, occupied the front end of the basement with his family. They succeeded in saving but a small portion of their furniture and clothing, the rest falling a prey to the devouring element.

Across the alley from the factory was located the fertilizing establishment of Mr. H. B. Mills, to which the flames quickly communicated and destroyed rapidly. It was an iron-clad frame structure, one story high, and contained a large quantity of material to be worked up, besides the engine and grindng machinery. It was totally destroyed, entailing a loss on Mr. Mills of about $1,500, on which we understand there is no insurance. On the alley, near the end of the glue factory, was a one storied frame tenement house, occupied by the family of Mr. John Mehan. It took fire early and was entirely consumed, the family succeeding, however, in saving the greater portion of their clothing and household effects. Another double frame tenement house stood a little further down in the alley. It was occupied by the respective families of Mr. John Hughes, Mrs. Filing and Mrs. Dillon. The fire communicated to it from the fertilfzing establishment, and it was quickly a mass of cinders. Mrs. Dillon lost all of her effects, but the others succeeded in saving the most of their furniture and clothing.

The tenements were owned by a former partner of Mr. Pressers, Mr. Wm. Kuhn. The loss on them will probably reach $2,000, on which there is no insurance. They were a part of the premises connected with the factory, but at the dissolution of partnership Mr. Presser took the factory and Mr. Kuhn the houses. No cause can be assigned for the breaking out of the fire as when it was first discovered it had gained such headway as to render it impossible to discover from whence it started.

The Lost Boy.

We mentioned a few days ago that a boy giving his name as Sims Ikert, came to the Allegheny Mayor's office, stating that he had come to the city from Ohio, in quest of his aunt who resided here. The boy, after being provided with food and lodgings till the next morning, disappeared and has not been heard of since. Yesterday the Mayor received a letter from Mr. Robert Bell, of Fairfield township, Columbiana county, in regard to the lad. The writer states that he was requested by the boy's father to write to the Mayor and direct him to put the boy in the House of Refuge if possible, and if that cannot be done, to put him on the train in care of the conductor, so that he may be brought home. He is said to be ungovernable and a continual source of trouble to his parents. He left home without their knowledge, and the first intimation they had of his whereabouts was the notice of his arrival here by the city papers. If all said about him be true, he is totally unworthy of the sympathy or aid which his own story generally secures. As he was nowhere to be found, the Mayor of course could do nothing further in the matter but inform his parents of his disappearance.

Alleged Pickpocket.

Mr. Thomas Hamilton made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Jas. McCafferty with attempting to pick a lady's pocket. It is stated that Miss Childs, in company with Mr. Hamilton, was coming out of the Opera House on Monday evening, at the conclusion of the entertainment, and when at the head of the stairway she discovered some one, as she supposed, with his hand in her pocket. She made the matter known to Mr. Hamilton, who started after the man she pointed out as the person who made the attempt, who, it appears, on being discovered, endeavored to get away as fast as possible, and followed him to the "Home" on the opposite side of the street, when he pointed him out to officer Glenn, who arrested him and took him to the lock up. After a hearing yesterday morning, McCafferty was held to bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail. The accused states that he arrived here on Monday evening from Fort Scott, Kansas, on his way home to Baltimore. He is a butcher. It is stated that he was intoxicated last evening, and merely staggered against the lady.

Row Among the Colored Folks.

The centre of attraction among the colored folks of Allegheny just now is the African church on the corner of Boyle and Hemlock streets. The congregation connected with that church are holding a Fair in it for the benefit of the organization, which attracts the *bon ton* among them from all parts of the city. On Monday night, however, it attracted some of a different sort, who had hardly been fairly admitted to the Fair before they created a row of pretty fair proportions. The managers at once sent for the police, but when the knights of the mace arrived the disturbance had quieted down, and they were about returning bootless, when two sable gentlemen got into a dispute on the pavement, which ended in a regular encounter. They were arrested and furnished with lodgings in the lock-up for the night. The next morning they gave their names as Benjamin Jefferson and Albert Barbour. They were fined five dollars and costs, upon payment of which they were discharged.

Improvement of the Allegheny Water Works.

The large increase in the demand for water supply in Allegheny, consequent on the consolidation of the city, has rendered necessary some improvements in the Water Works, with a view of increasing their capacity. The work of improvement has been going on for some time past, under the direction of Superintendent Paul, and when completed it is estimated that the city can be supplied with over three hundred thousand additional gallons of water per diem. The main part of the labor consists in the alteration of the force pumps and the repairing and improving of the reservoir, on Troy Hill, all of which is being done at a comparatively small cost. It is expected that the works will have, when entirely finished, sufficient capacity to meet all demand for several years in the future.

Cloaking Cloths, fine assortment. Bates & Bell's.

Meeting at City Hall.

Pursuant to a published call a large an spirited meeting of the Republicans of the city was held in City Hall last night. The meeting was called to order by Major E. A. Montooth, who proposed the following list of officers:

President—C. B. M. Smith, Esq.

Vice Presidents—Dr. James King, Wm. Swisshelm, Joseph Hartman, John Wandlass, R. H. Fife, John McKelvey, Daniel Daub, James Owens, Geo. Hamilton, Jas. Rees, James Kelley, Joseph Shorb, John F. Kaiser.

Secretaries—Reporters of the Republican press.

Mr. Smith on taking the chair, in a brief address, thanked the meeting for the honor conferred upon him, after which he introduced Prof. Pope, who sang in his usual excellent style one of his best campaign songs.

Josiah Cohen, Esq., stated that he had just been informed that Hon. E. M. Stanton was in the city, and he moved that a Committee of Five be appointed to wait upon him and extend an invitation to him to address the meeting.

The motion was unanimously adopted, and the Chair appointed Josiah Cohen, Esq., Major E. A. Montooth, Col. W. B. Neeper, Dr. James King and Colonel W. A. Herron, on the Committee.

The Chair then introduced Hon. Thomas Howard, who addressed the meeting ably and eloquently. He spoke for nearly two hours, during which he was greeted with enthusiastic applause from the vast audience.

At the conclusion of Mr. Howard's remarks, Major Montooth, from the Committee appointed to wait upon Mr. Stanton, reported that the Committee found Mr. Stanton at the Monongahela House, where he had arrived during the afternoon, but that in consequence of a slight indisposition it would be impossible for him to comply with the request of the Committee to address the meeting at that time. Major Montooth further stated that the Committee hoped to be able to have Mr. Stanton address a meeting in City Hall during his sojourn in the city.

The Keystone Glee Club was then introduced by the Chairman, and favored the audience with one of its excellent songs.

Seth T. Hurd, Esq., of the Brownsville *Clipper*, being loudly called for was introduced, and delivered one of his forcible, argumentative and witty addresses, which was highly applauded by the audience.

The meeting then adjourned with three cheers for Grant and Colfax.

Children's Cloaks, full assortment. Bates & Bell's.

Two More—Incendiary Work.

The number of fires occurring in our midst at the present time seems singular, and can hardly be accounted for on any other supposition than that the villainous work of the incendiary is being carried on amongst us. Thanks, however, to the prompt efficiency of our noble fire department, with but few exceptions the fires have been controlled and kept down with little loss to property, life or limb. If it be that the many slight fires, which we have been called upon to chronicle, are the work of incendiaries, every effort should be put forth to ferret out the villains and bring them to punishment, While the fire on Pennsylvania avenue, noticed elsewhere, was progressing yesterday morning, smoke was seen issuing from the roof of the building occupied by Mr. Louis Bowerwitz, as a liquor store in the vicinity. An alarm was struck from Box 36, corner of Fifth avenue and High street. The fire was a very slight one, and was extinguished without any great damage being done.

About an hour later, at half-past six o'clock, another alarm was sounded from Box 26, corner of Grant and Diamond streets, which was promptly answered by the fire department. The alarm was caused by a fire discovered in the addition now being erected in the rear of Kuhn's law building. This fire was certainly the work of an incendiary, as the shavings in one of the rooms were scraped together, and a match applied. It was quickly extinguished, and the damage was slight.

Plaids for children's suits. Bates & Bell's.

White and Black Astrican Cloth for Cloaks. Bates & Bell's.

Steinway Piano, Sewing Machine, and Furniture at Auction.—This morning at ten o'clock at 19 Stockton avenue, Allegheny. A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

Reduction in Boulevard Skirts. Bates & Bell's.

Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh,

And all affections of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver and Nervous System, treated successfully at Dr. Aborn's Medical and Surgical Institute, No. 134 Smithfield street. tf.

Lots on Tremont Street, Allegheny, at Auction.—Twelve good building lots on this fine avenue, near to Jackson street, will be sold on Friday next at two o'clock. A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

Country Blankets. Bates & Bell's.

Gents' furnishing goods, fall and winter styles, at very reasonable prices, at the fashionable retail trimming store of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street.

The best Oysters to be found in the city are daily received at Holtzheimer's popular Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

New Lot of Cloaks, to arrive this week. Bates & Bell's.

All the Game of the season will be found at Holtzheimer's popular Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

Furniture, Carpets, Pianos, Sewing Machines, &c., by auction, this day at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the Opera House Auction Rooms. Palmer & Phillips, Auctioneers.

Legal, business and epistolary stationery in large variety, at the literary depot of Col. J. D. Egan, Sixth street, near Smithfield.

Crib and Cradle Blankets. Bates & Bell's.

Winter Dress Goods, trimmings of all the latest styles, just received at W. W. Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

Scholars and others desiring to look through a very fine, large and rare selection of books and literary works, should call at the depot of Col. J. D. Egan, Sixth street, near Smithfield.

Evening Silks, all shades. Bates & Bell's

Auction Sales This Evening, at Palmer & Phillips' Auction Rooms, No. 60 Fifth avenue. Boots, Shoes, Blankets, Quilts and Notions. Call and secure bargains.

Waterproof Suits. Bates & Bell's.

Winter novelties just received at the fashionable retail trimming store of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street.

Latest Importations. Bates & Bell's.

Gothic and Plain Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe and Tile, at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Breakfast Shawls. Bates & Bell's.

Diaries for 1869 are now ready at the extensive and popular printing and stationary headquarters of W. S. Haven & Co., corner of Third and Wood streets.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Changeable Goods, for suits. Bates & Bell's.

Lots! Lots! Jacks Run and Verner.—A highly attractive auction sale of twelve lots, one to six acres each, will take place on Saturday next at two o'clock, on Mr. Davis, property, between Jacks' Run and Verner on the P. Ft. W. & C. Railway, three miles from town. For tickets and plans apply to A. Leggate, Auctioneer, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

American Silks. Bates & Bell's.

Continued on Thursday, at Palmer & Phillips' Auction Rooms, No. 60 Fifth avenue, the consignee's sale of new and seasonable boots, shoes, blankets, flannels, quilts, umbrellas &c. Auction sales at 10 A. M. and 2 and 7½ P. M., when balance of stock will be closed out without any reserve. Call and secure bargains for self and family.

German Velvets, all widths. Bates & Bell's.

Produce and Groceries in fresh assortment, large quantity and at most reasonable prices, both wholesale and retail, at Henderson George's Original Diamond Front Grocery, No. 164 Federal street, Allegheny.

Paisley Shawls, long and square. Bates & Bell's.

The way of the wicked is hard, and the road to ruin is broad, but these proverbs have nothing to do with the great bargains in trunks, valises and carpet bags offered at the first class premium trunk factory of Joseph Liebler, No. 104 Wood street. The stock is very full and inviting.

Lyons Velvets for Mantles. Bates & Bell's.

The season for parties has arrived. Holtzheimer supplies supper at very reasonable rates at his private saloon parlor dining room, attached to the Continental Dining rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

Scotch Shawls, cheap. Bates & Bell's.

Pure Spices, choice teas, fresh coffees, best of sugars, dried fruits and general groceries at Henderson George's, No. 164 Federal street, Allegheny. Wholesale and retail purchasers can do no better than by calling at the Original Diamond Front Grocery.

The first snow of the season reminds everybody that Winter is coming, but Liebler, No, 104 Wood street, continues to sell trunks, valises and carpet bags of all styles and descriptions at very low prices.

Velveteens, all colors for suits. Bates & Bell's,

Why remain hungry while such rare good meals are served up on short order, at such reasonable prices, at Holtzheimer's first class Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, October 27.—Beef Cattle—the receipts amounted to 1,550 head; last week's prices are well supported; sales were quicker at $13a50 for extra; first quality, $12a50; second do. $10,50a11,50; third do. $7a10. Sheep—receipts were 13,715 head, being a full supply, prices were well maintained; sales at 2½ to 6c per pound; spring lambs brought $2,50a4,50.

DIED:

BROOKS—At Gulf Mills, Montgomery county, Mr. E. J. BROOKS, formerly of Pittsburgh.

WASHINGTON—At Philadelphia, on Monday, the 26th inst., BUSHROD WASHINGTON, son of the late Reade Washington, Esq., of this city.

ENNIS—On Tuesday evening, October 27th, at 9 P. M., LAWRENCE ENNIS, in the 45th year of his age.

Notice of funeral in the evening papers.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

GENUINE

SCOTCH PEBBLE

SPECTACLES,

WARRANTED TO IMPROVE THE SIGHT

FOR SALE BY

DUNSEATH & HASLETT.

56 FIFTH STREET.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

Fall and Winter Goods

ever brought to this city. His stock embraces all the latest French and English manufactures of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Suitings, Overcoatings.

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

W. HESPENHEIDE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 50 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh,

Having just returned from the East with all the latest styles of European Goods, is now prepared to make them up in the latest fashion and most durable manner to his customers and the public generally, thanking them for past favors and hoping for new ones, at PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

SURGEONS.

R. S. SUTTON, M. D.,

Office, No. 157 Fourth Avenue.